

City of Bluefield West Virginia Firemen's Pension Plan

Actuarial Valuation as of July 1, 2022 to Determine the City's Contribution for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2024



Submitted by:

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September 29, 2023

Mr. Danny Dillow City Treasurer 200 Rogers Street Bluefield, WV 24701 Captain Matthew Pettrey
Pension Board Secretary
City of Bluefield
Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund

Re: City of Bluefield Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund

Actuarial Valuation Report for the Year Beginning July 1, 2022

Dear Mr. Dillow and Captain Pettrey:

The following sets forth the actuarial valuation of the City of Bluefield Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund as of July 1, 2022. Sections I and II of the report provide a summary of results and the actuarial certification, respectively. Sections III and IV contain the development of the City's contribution for the 2024 fiscal year. Section V contains asset information. Sections VI and VII provide experience gain/loss and risk measure information, respectively. Sections VIII and IX provide projections and an analysis of changing funding policies. Sections X through XII provide a summary of the census data, plan provisions, assumptions and actuarial methods. Section XIII provides a glossary of many of the terms used in this report.

The purpose of this report is to provide information on:

- The sponsor's funding requirements for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024, based on the selected funding policy, i.e., the **Alternative** funding policy as defined in West Virginia Code §8-22-20(c)(1)
- The Fund's eligibility to receive an allocation of the premium tax for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024
- The Fund's requirement to provide supplemental benefits for the plan year beginning July 1,2024

If the City is considering the issuance of pension obligation bonds, the City must contact Bolton and the Municipal Pensions Oversight Board for the determination of the adjustments to information in the valuation report required under WV Code.

This report may not be used for any other purpose; Bolton is not responsible for the consequences of any unauthorized use. We are available to answer any questions on the material in this report or to provide explanations or further details as appropriate.

Respectfully submitted,

James E. Ritchie, ASA, EA, FCA, MAAA

Jordan McClane, FSA, EA, FCA, MAAA



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Section I. Executive Summary

Background

Bolton has prepared the following report that sets forth the actuarial valuation of the City of Bluefield Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund (the Plan) as of July 1, 2022. Please note that some columns and rows in the tables on the following pages may not add due to rounding.

Funding Policy

The Plan is valued using the Alternative funding policy as described in WV Code §8-22-20. The City of Bluefield (the City) switched from the Standard funding policy to the Alternative funding policy effective July 1, 1991.

Summary of Results

The following table presents a two-year summary of the Plan's estimated pension contributions.

Estimated Employer Contributi	on Requirements	FYE 2023	FYE 2024
1. Prior Year Alternative Contrib	ution \$	545,405	\$ 583,583
2. 7% Increase in Alternative Co	ntribution \$	38,178	\$ 40,851
3. Current Year Preliminary Alte	rnative Contribution \$	583,583	\$ 624,434
 Additional Contribution to Sati Test on an Open Group Basis 	,	0	\$ 0
5. Employer Contribution Requir of Premium Tax (3. + 4.)	ement to Receive 100% \$	583,583	\$ 624,434
Additional Contribution to Sati Test on a Closed Group Basis	,	0	\$ 0
 Employer Contribution Requir Premium Tax and Grant Supp (COLA) (5. + 6.) 		583,583	\$ 624,434

Amortization Period to Eliminate Unfunded Liability	FYE 2023	FYE 2024
Net City Contribution	\$ 583,583	\$ 624,434
2. Estimated Premium Tax Allocation	\$ 205,878	\$ 250,409
3. Total City Contribution Plus Premium Tax (1. + 2.)	\$ 789,461	\$ 874,843
4. Net Employer Normal Cost with Interest	\$ 199,492	\$ 237,712
5. Payment Towards Unfunded Liability (3. – 4.)	\$ 589,969	\$ 637,131
6. Estimated Number of Years this 'Payment Towards Unfunded Liability' Would Take to Eliminate the Unfunded Liability	Never	63



The following table presents a three-year historical summary of Plan assets and liabilities.

	July 1, 2020	July 1, 2021	July 1, 2022
Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	\$ 17,382,083	\$ 16,794,330	\$ 17,194,480
Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA)	\$ 4,428,983	\$ 4,670,419	\$ 4,804,660
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability	\$ 12,953,100	\$ 12,123,911	\$ 12,389,820
Funding Percentage	25.5%	27.8%	27.9%

The contributions shown above are assumed to be paid in equal monthly installments throughout the fiscal year. Details of the determination of the City's contribution for FYE 2024 are shown in Section IV of this report.

Please note, the Alternative and Conservation policies do not meet the requirements for a reasonable funding method under standard actuarial principles. Current contributions developed under the Alternative and Conservation funding policies may be significantly smaller than contributions developed under a generally accepted actuarial funding policy and plans using either of these two funding policies may experience significant increases in the required contribution over time. We recommend that municipalities using the Alternative policy consider switching to a policy that is more in line with standard actuarial principles for funding. In order to understand the ineffectiveness of these funding policies, we have shown the number of years it would take to completely payoff the unfunded liability assuming the amount shown for the plan year is paid for all future years until the unfunded is eliminated. ¹ If "Never" is shown, the year's payment toward the unfunded liability does not cover the interest on the unfunded liability and the unfunded liability will be expected to increase in future years.

Risk Measures

Generally, the primary risk that a plan sponsor incurs from a defined benefit plan is the risk of substantial increases in annual contributions. For plans that develop contributions using a generally accepted actuarial funding policy, these increases occur most frequently due to variation in the investment returns. The following table shows four commonly used measures of the relative riskiness of a pension plan, relative to the plan sponsor and the employee groups covered by the plan. More detail is provided later in this report.

Risk Measure	July 1, 2020	July 1, 2021	July 1, 2022
Inactive AAL Percent of Total AAL	89.1%	90.8%	87.8%
Assets (MVA) to Payroll	7.3	10.0	6.8
Liabilities to Payroll	29.2	30.8	25.5
Benefit Payments to Contributions	1.2	1.3	1.2

¹ This does not factor in any future increases in the contributions since scheduled increases might require a growing burden to the City.



Experience Analysis

The following factors affected the City's funded status:

- The Plan uses the Alternative funding policy. City contributions between FY 2023 and FY 2024 are expected to increase by 7.0% from \$583,583 to \$624,434.
- No additional contributions are required to stay "solvent" for the next 15 years. Making the \$624,434 contribution will require the plan to pay COLAs and receive premium tax payments.
- This valuation uses the same 5.00% discount rate as the prior valuation.
- Contributions under this policy are not based on actuarial liabilities and plan assets. However, liabilities increased by 2.4% and assets increased by 2.9%.
- The Plan's funded ratio increased from 27.8% to 27.9% and the Plan is expected to be 100% funded in 2042.
- The return on the market value of assets for FY 2022 was (14.7%), while the return on the actuarial value of assets for FY 2022 was 5.8%.

Changes in Methods, Assumptions, and Plan Amendments

There were no changes in methods or assumptions reflected in this valuation.

There were no changes to the Plan provisions reflected in this valuation.

Sources of Information

The July 1, 2022 participant data and market value of assets were provided by or at the direction of the City of Bluefield. While we have reviewed this data for consistency and completeness, we have not audited this data.

Supplemental Benefit Eligibility

West Virginia Code §8-22-26a requires that all retirees, surviving beneficiaries, disability pensioners or future retirees receive a Supplemental Pension Benefit (i.e. cost-of-living adjustments, or COLAs) payable on the first day of July, based on a percentage increase equal to any increase in the consumer price index as calculated by the United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Statistics for the preceding year. The COLA shall not exceed 4% per year and is not payable to a retiree until the first day of July after the second anniversary of the retiree's date of retirement. Additionally, the COLA shall be calculated on only the first \$15,000 of the annual benefit paid and on the COLAs that have been accumulated by the retiree since benefit commencement. If, at any time after the COLA becomes applicable, the total accumulated percentage increase in benefit on the allowable amount becomes less than 75% of the total accumulated percentage increase in the consumer price index over that same period of time, the 4% limitation shall be inapplicable until such time as the accumulated COLAs equal 75% of the accumulated increase in the consumer price index. The consumer price index used to determine the COLA is the CPI-U US City Average all items with a base of 1982-1984 equal to 100. The increase is measured as the increase in the annual average from the second prior calendar year to the annual average from the prior calendar year.

The COLA is only payable to the extent that the actuary certifies to the Board of Trustees of the fund the amount of increase in the COLA, if any, which may be paid, and which will preserve the minimum standards for actuarial soundness of the fund as set forth in West Virginia Code §8-22-20. The related solvency test is discussed below.



Premium Tax

West Virginia Code §33-3-14d established a 1% tax on premiums for fire insurance and casualty insurance policies. The proceeds from this tax are used to fund the West Virginia Teachers Retirement System, the Fire Protection Fund for volunteer and part-volunteer fire companies and the Municipal Pensions Security Fund, which is managed by the Municipal Pensions Oversight Board (MPOB). The MPOB allocates funds from the Municipal Pensions Security Fund to each eligible municipality's police and fire fund² that is less than 100% funded on an actuarial basis. The funds from the Base Allocation are allocated proportionately to each fire and police fund based on the average monthly number of police officers and firefighters who worked at least 100 hours per month (regardless of whether the police and fire employees participate in the municipality's pension plan or the West Virginia state Municipal Police and Firefighters Retirement System (MPFRS)). The funds from the Excess Allocation are allocated proportionately to each fire and police fund based on the average monthly number of police officers and firefighters who worked at least 100 hours per month and the average monthly number of retired police officers and firefighters (regardless of whether the police and fire employees and retirees participate in the municipality's pension plan or the West Virginia MPFRS).

West Virginia Code §8-22-19 requires a plan sponsor to deposit into the pension fund the required contributions in accordance with Code §8-22-20 at least on a monthly basis at a rate of one-twelfth of the annual requirement in order to receive the premium tax allocation described above. A municipality may pre-pay this contribution. If the allocable portion of the Municipal Pensions Security Fund is not paid to the pension and relief fund within eighteen months, the portion is forfeited by the pension and relief fund and is allocable to other eligible municipal policemen's and firemen's pension and relief funds in accordance with West Virginia Code §33-3-14d.

Solvency Tests

There are two solvency tests. The first solvency test is used to determine whether the State premium tax may be allocated to the pension plan for the fiscal year. West Virginia Code §8-22-20 has been historically interpreted to require plans that use the **Alternative** funding policy to be projected to be solvent in the next 15 years in order to receive the State premium tax allocation. Plans that use the Standard, Optional, Optional II, or Conservation policy are projected to be solvent in future years. If a plan is not projected to be solvent in the next 15 years, the municipality or employees must make additional contributions in the current fiscal year in order to receive the State premium tax allocation.

The second test is used to determine whether the COLA is payable under West Virginia Code §8-22-26a, which requires the actuary to certify that the minimum funding for actuarial soundness will be preserved after the COLA is granted for the year. The test used to determine if the minimum funding for actuarial soundness will be preserved is a 15-year projection on a closed group basis. For the July 1, 2022 valuation, the 15-year period would end on June 30, 2037. If the assets are greater than \$1 for the first 15 years of the projection, the COLA must be granted. Please note that the Alternative policy is not consistent with generally accepted actuarial principles for funding and continued use of this policy may reduce future solvency levels, even if the current projections do not forecast insolvency.

² If pension obligation bonds have been issued to fund a plan, the premium tax dollars are annually allocated to the bond trustee once the plan sponsor deposits into the pension fund the annual required contributions in accordance with Code §8-22-20. The premium tax allocation to the bond trustee ceases once the bonds have been paid in full.



Actuarial Projections

Section VIII of this report provides long-range projections of assets, liabilities, funded status, and contributions for the pension fund assuming the plan continues to use the **Alternative** funding policy. Additionally, Section IX provides projections that are based on the municipality switching to the Optional funding policy or Optional II funding policy in the current fiscal year or in the year that the Optional funding policy or Optional II funding policy contributions are projected to be less than the contribution under the Alternative policy. The projections are shown to help the municipality make decisions regarding the election of future funding policies and to understand the future funded status and future contribution requirements based on an expected set of assumptions.

Plans that use the Alternative funding policy may switch to either the Optional or Optional II funding policy. For these plans, we show projections for the following scenarios:

- Plan continues to be funded under the Alternative policy on an open group basis (these
 projections are also used to determine if the plan is eligible for the premium tax
 allocation)
- Plan continues to be funded under the Alternative policy on a closed group basis (these projections are used to determine if the COLA is payable)
- Plan switches to the Optional funding policy in the current contribution year
- Plan switches to the Optional II funding policy in the current contribution year
- Plan switches to the Optional funding policy in the year that the Optional funding policy contribution is projected to be less than the Alternative funding policy contribution
- Plan switches to the Optional II funding policy in the year that the Optional II funding policy contribution is projected to be less than the Alternative funding policy contribution

Impact of COVID-19

Because the long-term net impact of COVID-19 on mortality, salary increases, and changes in turnover and retirement behavior is difficult to estimate at this time, we have not made any adjustments to the assumptions for the potential impact of the COVID-19 pandemic.



Section II. Actuarial Certification

This actuarial valuation sets forth our calculation of an estimate of the liabilities of the City of Bluefield Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund, together with a comparison of these liabilities with the value of the Plan assets, as submitted by the City of Bluefield (the City). This liability calculation and comparison with assets is applicable for the valuation date only. The future is uncertain, and the Plan may become better funded or more poorly funded in the future. This valuation does not provide any guarantee that the Plan will be able to provide the promised benefits in the future.

The information in this report was prepared for the internal use of the MPOB, the West Virginia Legislature's Joint Committee on Pensions and Retirement, the City and their auditors in connection with their review of the City's financial statements and our actuarial valuation of the Plan. The purpose of this report is to provide information on the following:

- The sponsor's funding requirements for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024, based on the selected funding policy, i.e., the **Alternative** funding policy as defined in West Virginia Code §8-22-20(c)(1)
- The Fund's eligibility to receive an allocation of the premium tax for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024
- The Fund's requirement to provide supplemental benefits for the plan year beginning July 1, 2024

This report is neither intended nor necessarily suitable for other purposes, including any analysis surrounding the consideration of pension obligation bonds (POBs). WV Code §8-33-4a(d) requires the POB analysis to be based on the most recent actuarial valuation report with appropriate adjustments for timing, experience and other factors. Cities considering the issuance of POBs must contact Bolton and the MPOB to determine the appropriate adjustments that must be made for purposes of meeting the requirement of the Code. Bolton is not responsible for the consequences of any other use or the reliance upon this report by any other party.

This report is based on plan provisions, census data, and asset data submitted by the City. We have relied on this information for purposes of preparing this report. We have not audited the census or asset data provided; however, based on our review, the data appears to be reasonable and consistent with previously provided information and appropriate for the purpose of producing this report. Unless otherwise noted in our report, we believe the information provided is sufficiently complete and reliable for purposes of the results presented in this report. The accuracy of the results presented in this report is dependent upon the accuracy and completeness of the underlying information. The City is solely responsible for the validity and completeness of this information.

The City is responsible for selecting the Plan's funding policy. The MPOB selects the actuarial valuation methods, asset valuation methods, and assumptions based on the advice of the Plan's actuary. The policies, methods and assumptions used in this valuation are those that have been so prescribed by the MPOB, in consultation with Bolton, and are described in this report. The MPOB is solely responsible for communicating to Bolton any changes required thereto.

The City of Bluefield Firemen's Pension Fund Board of Trustees is solely responsible for selecting the Plan's investment manager and assisting the investment manager in the selection of the Plan's investment policies, asset allocations and individual investments. Bolton's actuaries have not provided any investment advice to the City.



This is a deterministic valuation in that it is based on a single set of assumptions. This set of assumptions is one possible basis for our calculations. We may consider that some factors are not material to the valuation of the Plan and may not provide a specific assumption for those factors. The Plan may have used other assumptions in the past. We will likely consider changes in assumptions at a future date in conjunction with the MPOB.

Different assumptions or scenarios within the range of possibilities may also be reasonable and results based on those assumptions would be different. As a result of the uncertainty inherent in a forward-looking projection over a very long period of time, no one projection is uniquely "correct" and many alternative projections of the future could also be regarded as reasonable. Two different actuaries could, quite reasonably, arrive at different results based on the same data and different views of the future.

The City could reasonably ask how the valuation would change if we used a different assumption set or if plan experience exhibited variations from our assumptions. This report does not contain such an analysis. That type of analysis would be a separate assignment.

In addition, decisions regarding benefit improvements, benefit changes, the Plan's investment policy, pension obligation bonds, and similar issues should not be based on this valuation. These issues are complex and other factors should be considered when making such decisions. Other factors might include the anticipated vitality of the local economy and future growth expectations, as well as other economic and financial factors.

The cost of this Plan is determined by the benefits promised by the Plan, the Plan's participant population, the investment experience of the Plan and many other factors. An actuarial valuation is a budgeting tool for the City. It does not affect the cost of the Plan. Different funding policies and methods provide for different timing of contributions to the Plan. As the experience of the Plan evolves, it is normal for the level of contributions to the Plan to change. If a contribution is not made for a particular year, either by deliberate choice or because of an error in a calculation, that contribution can be made in later years. We are not responsible for the consequences of any decision by the City to make contributions at a future time rather than an earlier time. The City is responsible for funding the cost of the Plan.

The report is conditioned on the assumption of an ongoing plan and is not meant to present the actuarial position of the Plan in the case of plan termination. Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions, changes in economic or demographic assumptions, increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the Plan's funded status), and changes in plan provisions or applicable law.

The valuation was completed using both proprietary and third-party models (including software and tools). We have tested these models to ensure they are used for their intended purposes, within their known limitations, and without any known material inconsistencies unless otherwise stated.

The calculations in this report have been computed in accordance with our understanding of generally accepted actuarial principles and practices and fairly reflect the actuarial position of the Plan. The various actuarial assumptions and methods which have been used are, in our opinion, appropriate for the purposes of this report.



We make every effort to ensure that our calculations are accurately performed. We reserve the right to correct any potential errors by amending the results of this report or by including the corrections in a future valuation report.

Bolton does not practice law and, therefore, cannot and does not provide legal advice. Any statutory interpretation on which this report is based reflects Bolton's understanding as an actuarial firm. Bolton recommends that recipients of this report consult with legal counsel when making any decisions regarding compliance with WV Code, ERISA, the Internal Revenue Code, or any other statute or regulation.

The MPOB, Pension Board, or the City should notify Bolton promptly after receipt of this report if the City disagrees with anything contained in the report or is aware of any information that would affect the results of the report that has not been communicated to Bolton or incorporated herein. The report will be deemed final and acceptable to the City unless the City promptly provides such notice to Bolton.

The undersigned credentialed actuaries meet the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to render the actuarial opinion contained herein. We are not aware of any direct or material indirect financial interest or relationship, including investments or other services, which could create a conflict of interest that would impair the objectivity of our work.

We are available to answer any questions on the material in this report to provide explanations or further details as appropriate.

Jim Ritchie, ASA, EA, FCA, MAAA

Jordan McClane, FSA, EA, FCA, MAAA



Section III. Normal Cost and Liabilities

Net Employer Normal Cost

The breakdown of the Net Employer Normal Cost is illustrated below.

Ne	t Employer Normal Cost (BOY)	7/1/2021	7/1/2022
1.	Normal Cost	\$ 230,820	\$ 275,705
2.a	. Administrative Expenses FYE (MOY)	\$ 75	\$ 149
2.b	. Administrative Expenses (BOY)	\$ 73	\$ 145
3.	Gross Normal Cost (1. + 2.b.)	\$ 230,893	\$ 275,850
4.	Expected Employee Contributions (BOY)	\$ 48,123	\$ 59,486
5.	Net Employer Normal Cost (3. – 4.)	\$ 182,770	\$ 216,364
	(% of Compensation)	34.30%	32.87%

Projected Net Employer Normal Cost

The breakdown of the Projected Net Employer Normal Cost as of the first anniversary of the valuation date (i.e. the first day of the contribution year) is illustrated below.

Pro	ojected Net Employer Normal Cost (BOY)		
Va	luation Date	7/1/2021	7/1/2022
Pro	ojection Date	7/1/2022	7/1/2023
1.	Projected Normal Cost	\$ 245,853	\$ 295,515
2.a	. Projected Administrative Expenses (MOY)	\$ 77	\$ 153
2.b	. Projected Administrative Expenses (BOY)	\$ 75	\$ 149
3.	Projected Gross Normal Cost (1. + 2.b.)	\$ 245,928	\$ 295,664
4.	Projected Employee Contributions (BOY)	\$ 51,244	\$ 63,681
5.	Projected Net Employer Normal Cost (3. – 4.)	\$ 194,684	\$ 231,983
	(% of Compensation)	34.39%	33.00%



Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability

Below is a summary of the key valuation results.

			7/1/2021			7/1/2022
Actuarial Accrued Liability	Count			Count		
a. Active	12	\$	1,551,235	13	\$	2,094,433
b. Retirees	25		11,469,573	23		11,059,886
c. Survivors	8		1,225,695	9		1,451,799
d. Disableds	7		2,547,827	7		2,588,362
e. Deferred Vesteds	0		0	0		0
f. Former Members Due Refunds	0		0	0		0
g. Total	52	\$	16,794,330	52	\$	17,194,480
Present Value of Future Normal Costs		\$	3,416,220		\$	3,913,887
Present Value of Benefits		<u> </u>	0,110,220		Ψ	0,010,001
(1.g. + 2.)		\$	20,210,550		\$	21,108,367
4. Actuarial Value of Assets		\$	4,670,419		\$	4,804,660
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued						
Liability (1.g. – 4.)		\$	12,123,911		\$	12,389,820
6. Funded Ratio (4. / 1.g.)			27.81%			27.94%

Projected Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability

The development of the Projected Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability as of the first anniversary of the valuation date (i.e. the first day of the contribution year) is illustrated below.

Pro	Projected Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability		7/1/2021	7/1/2022
	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability on Valuation Date	\$	12,123,911	\$ 12,389,820
	Net Employer Normal Cost, Excluding Expenses (BOY)	\$	182,697	\$ 216,219
3.	Expected Expenses (MOY)	\$	75	\$ 149
	Expected Employer Contribution Fiscal Year Beginning on the Valuation Date	\$	545,405	\$ 583,583
	Expected Premium Tax Allocation Fiscal Year Beginning on the Valuation Date	\$	212,545	\$ 205,878
	Projected Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability on Valuation Date + 1 Year	\$	12,145,348	\$ 12,427,537



Section IV. Determination of City Contributions

Development of Estimated Minimum Employer Contribution for Funding Purposes

The development of the Estimated Minimum Employer Contribution for funding purposes is illustrated below.

Estimated Employer Contribution Requirements	FYE 2023	_	FYE 2024
Prior Year Alternative Contribution	\$ 545,405	\$	583,583
2. 7% Increase in Alternative Contribution	\$ 38,178	\$	40,851
3. Current Year Preliminary Alternative Contribution	\$ 583,583	\$	624,434
 Additional Contribution to Satisfy 15-Year Solvency Test on an Open Group Basis 	\$ 0	\$	0
5. Employer Contribution Requirement to Receive 100% of Premium Tax (3. + 4.)	\$ 583,583	\$	624,434
Additional Contribution to Satisfy 15-Year Solvency Test on a Closed Group Basis	\$ 0	\$	0
7. Employer Contribution Requirement to Receive 100% Premium Tax and Grant Supplemental Benefits (COLA) (5. + 6.)	\$ 583,583	\$	624,434



Development of Actuarially Determined Contribution for GASB Purposes
The development of the Actuarially Determined Contribution for GASB purposes is illustrated below.

Actuarially Determined Contribution for GASB	FYE 2023	FYE 2024
 Projected Gross Normal Cost, Including Administrative Expenses (BOY) 	\$ 245,928	\$ 295,664
2. Projected Employee Contributions (BOY)	\$ 51,244	\$ 63,681
 Projected Net Employer Normal Cost (BOY) (1. – 2.) 	\$ 194,684	\$ 231,983
4. Interest on Normal Cost	\$ 4,808	\$ 5,729
 Projected Total Employer Normal Cost with Interest (3. + 4.) 	\$ 199,492	\$ 237,712
6. Amortization of Projected Unfunded Liability	\$ 783,028	\$ 815,654
7. Interest on Projected Unfunded Liability Payment	\$ 19,337	\$ 20,143
8. Unfunded Liability Payment with Interest (6. + 7.)	\$ 802,365	\$ 835,797
9. Estimated Premium Tax Allocation	\$ 205,878	\$ 250,409
10. Unfunded Liability Payment Net of Premium Tax Allocation (8. – 9., not less than 0)	\$ 596,487	\$ 585,388
11. Net Employer Contribution (5. + 10.)	\$ 795,979	\$ 823,100
12. Actuarially Determined Contribution for GASB Purposes (5. + 8., not less than 0)	\$ 1,001,857	\$ 1,073,509



Schedule of Amortization Bases for GASB Purposes
Below is a schedule of the amortization bases as of July 1, 2023 used to develop the Actuarially Determined Contribution for GASB purposes.

Description	Date Established	Remaining Years	Outstanding Amount	Payment / (Credit)
Initial Unfunded	7/1/2023	26.5	\$ 12,427,537	\$ 815,654
Total			\$ 12,427,537	\$ 815,654



Section V. Assets

Asset Allocation

The table below shows the amount of funds invested in each account as of June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2022.

Assets Held by Category		June 30, 2021		June 30, 2022
Cash and Deposits	\$	188,585	\$	172,262
·				·
Receivables				
Contributions	\$	19,603	\$	0
Investment Income		0		0
Total Receivables	\$	19,603	\$	0
Investment	_			
Government Securities	\$	0	\$	0
Fixed Income		1,558,315		1,371,982
Equities		3,716,711		3,009,306
Alternative Investments		0		0
Other		0		0
Total Investments	\$	5,275,026	\$	4,381,288
Total Assets	\$	5,483,214	\$	4,553,550
	Ψ_	<u> </u>	T	.,000,000
Payables				
Investment Expense	\$	0	\$	0
Benefits and Withdrawals		0		0
Administrative Expense		0		0
Total Payables	\$	0	\$	0
Net Position	\$	5,483,214	\$	4,553,550



Reconciliation of Assets

Below is a reconciliation of assets (unaudited) from July 1, 2020 through June 30, 2022.

Plan Year Ending		June 30, 2021		June 30, 2022
Beginning of Year Market Value of Assets	\$	4,360,332	\$	5,483,214
Adjustments to Market Value of Assets	•	0	•	0
Beginning of Year Market Value of Assets	\$	4,360,332	\$	5,483,214
2. Additions		<u> </u>		·
a. Contributions				
(i) Local Government	\$	509,773	\$	545,403
(ii) State Government		214,890		212,545
(iii) Employee	_	53,233		54,388
(iv) Total		777,896		812,336
b. Receivable Contributions				
(i) Local Government		0		0
(ii) State Government		19,603		0
(iii) Employee Contributions	_	0		0
(iv) Total		19,603		0
c. Earnings on Investments				(
(i) Net Appreciation/(Depreciation)		924,876		(982,508)
(ii) Net Realized Gain (Loss) on		044.044		400.070
Sale/Exchange		314,241		109,378
(iii) Interest and Dividends (iv) Other Income		110,609		138,221 0
(v) Investment Expense		0		(61,684)
(vi) Receivable Investment Income		0		(01,004)
(vii) Payable Investment Expenses		0		0
(viii) Net Investment Income	_	1,349,726	•	(796,593)
d. Other Revenue		6,786		0
e. Total Additions	\$	2,154,011	\$	15,743
3. Disbursements				
a. Benefit Payments	\$	959,276	\$	943,205
b. Withdrawals		71,708		2,057
c. Administrative Expenses				
(i) Municipal Fees		145		145
(ii) Other Expenses	_	0		0
(iii) Total Administrative Expenses		145		145
d. Payable Benefits and Withdrawals		0		0
e. Payable Administrative Expenses		0		0
f. Total Disbursements	\$	1,031,129	\$	945,407
4. Net Increase (2.e. – 3.f.)		1,122,882		(929,664)
5. Net Assets (1. + 4.)	\$	5,483,214	\$	4,553,550
6. Rate of Return Net of Investment Fees (2I / [A + B – I] Method ³)		32.0%		-14.7%

³ A = beginning-of-year market value of assets, B = end-of-year market value of assets, I = investment return during the year



(Gain)/Loss on Market Value of Assets for Plan Year Ended June 30, 2022

Market Volume of Assets (MAVA)	
Market Value of Assets (MVA)	
a. MVA as of 7/1/2021 \$ 5,4	483,214
b. Interest on a. to 6/30/2022	274,161
c. Contributions with Interest to 6/30/2022	832,397
d. Benefit Payments with Interest to 6/30/2022	968,605
e. Administrative Expenses with Interest to 6/30/2022	149
f. Expected MVA at 6/30/2022 (a. + b. + c. – d. – e.) 5,	621,018
g. Actual MVA at 6/30/2022 4,	553,550
h. MVA (Gain)/Loss (f g.)	067,468

Development of Actuarial Value of Assets

The actuarial asset value as of July 1, 2022 is determined by spreading the asset gain or loss for each year over a four-year period. The asset gain or loss is the amount by which the actual asset return differs from the expected asset return on a market-value basis.

					July 1, 2022
1.	Market Value	of Assets	3		\$ 4,553,550
2.	Spreading of	Investme	nt (Gains)/Losse	s	
	Fiscal Year		(Gain)/Loss	% Deferred	Amount Deferred
	2022	\$	1,067,468	75%	\$ 800,601
	2021		(1,144,749)	50%	(572,375)
	2020		91,534	25%	22,884
	a. Tot	al Deferre	d		251,110
3.	Actuarial Valu		\$ 4,804,660		
4.			nvestment Fees		= 0.40/
	(2I / [A + B –	 Method)		5.81%



Section VI. Experience (Gain)/Loss

Experience (Gain)/Loss for Plan Year Ended June 30, 2022

Ex	per	ience (Gain)/Loss for Plan Year Ended June 30, 2022	
1.	Lia	bilities	
	a.	Actuarial Accrued Liability as of 7/1/2021	\$ 16,794,330
	b.	Normal Cost as of 7/1/2021	230,820
	C.	Interest on a. and b. to 6/30/2022	851,258
	d.	Benefit Payments with Interest to 6/30/2022	968,605
	e.	Effect of Assumption Changes	0
	f.	Expected Liability at 7/1/2022 (a. + b. + c. – d. + e.)	16,907,803
	g.	Actual Liability at 7/1/2022	17,194,480
	h.	Liability (Gain)/Loss (g f.)	286,677
2.		tuarial Value of Assets (AVA)	
	a.	AVA as of 7/1/2021	\$ 4,670,419
	b.	Interest on a. to 6/30/2022	233,521
	C.	Contributions with Interest to 6/30/2022	832,397
	d.	Benefit Payments with Interest to 6/30/2022	968,605
	e.	Administrative Expenses with Interest to 6/30/2022	149
	f.	Expected AVA at 6/30/2022 (a. + b. + c d e.)	4,767,583
	g.	Actual AVA at 6/30/2022	4,804,660
	h.	AVA (Gain)/Loss (f g.)	(37,077)
3.	То	tal (Gain)/Loss (1h. + 2h.)	\$ 249,600

The gains and losses shown are only for liability and asset gains and losses. Any change in the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability from funding more or less than needed to cover Normal Cost and interest on the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability is a separate amount.



Section VII. Risk Measures

Risk Measures

Pension plans are complicated financial instruments designed to provide income security for plan participants as they move through their working lives and into retirement. As such they can be subject to many different forces that can put the plan in better or worse positions over time. The primary risk that a plan sponsor incurs from a defined benefit plan is the risk of substantial increases in annual contributions.

The "maturity" level of a plan can indicate the likely sensitivity the plan will have to different events whether positive or negative. Variations in the investment returns are a common source of these types of events or shocks. Other sources might be experience that differs from that assumed, assumption changes or plan changes.

Actuarial Standard of Practice No. 51 Assessment and Disclosure of Risk Associated with Measuring Pension Obligations and Determining Pension Plan Contributions requires actuaries to provide information so that users of the report can better understand the potential for future results to vary from the results presented in this report and identify risks on the plan's future financial condition. This standard does not require the assessment to be based on numerical calculations. In some cases, a more in-depth review of plan risk is warranted.

Examples of risk common to most public plans include the following (generally listed from greatest to least risk):

- Investment risk: The potential that investment returns will be different than expected.
 The Trustees are well aware of this risk. This valuation reflects the smoothing of asset
 returns, which reduces the risk of wide year-by-year contribution changes due to
 investment return fluctuations but does not ultimately reduce the risk inherent in a
 defined benefit plan.
- Contribution risk: Most commonly this is associated with the potential that actual future contributions are not made in accordance with the plan's actuarially based funding policy.
- Longevity and other demographic risks: The potential that mortality or other demographic experience will be different than expected.
- Asset/liability mismatch risk: The potential that changes in asset values are not matched by changes in the value of liabilities.
- Cash flow risks: The potential that contributions coming into the plan will not cover benefit payments. While common in well-funded plans, this still requires the use of interest, dividends or principal to cover benefit payments. When assets need to be sold (or more cash held) it can be an issue. Poorly funded plans with DROP lump sum payments can magnify the issue.

One item left off this list is "interest rate risk" (i.e., the potential that interest rates will be different than expected). This risk is common in corporate ERISA plans where funding is based on bond rates. Interest rates on bonds are still an important consideration when setting an expected return assumption and can change over time.



There are several plan maturity measures that can be significant to understanding the risks associated with the plan. The following table shows four commonly used measures of the relative riskiness of a pension plan, relative to the plan sponsor and the employee group covered by the plan and how they have changed over time.

Risk Measure	July 1, 2020	July 1, 2021	July 1, 2022
Inactive AAL Percent of Total AAL	89.1%	90.8%	87.8%
Assets (MVA) to Payroll	7.3	10.0	6.8
Liabilities to Payroll	29.2	30.8	25.5
Benefit Payments to Contributions	1.2	1.3	1.2

The Assets to Payroll ratio, also called the Asset Volatility Ratio (AVR), is equal to the market value of assets (MVA) divided by payroll. A higher AVR implies that the plan is exposed to greater contribution volatility. The current *Assets to Payroll* of 6.8 indicates that a 1% asset gain/loss is about 6.8% of the annual payroll.

The Liabilities to Payroll ratio, also called the Liability Volatility Ratio (LVR), is equal to the Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) divided by payroll. A higher LVR implies that the plan is exposed to greater contribution volatility due to changes in liability measurements. Similarly, the current *Liabilities to Payroll* of 25.5 indicates that a 1% change in liability is about 25.5% of the annual payroll.

The use of payroll in these risk measures is generally an easily available substitute for the employer's revenue and often reflects the employer's ability to afford the plan. Each of these measures are a measure of plan maturity. The common evolution of a pension plan is to become more mature over time. Mature plans present more risk to plan sponsors because changes to the liability or assets will result in large changes in the unfunded liability as compared to the overall size of the employer as measured by payroll. As a result, the change in the metrics over time can be as important as the nominal size of the metric itself.



Additional Review

In some instances, more detailed quantitative assessment of risks is warranted either by the above maturity metrics, part of a periodic self-assessment of risks, or due to changes in investment allocations and capital market assumptions. The following are examples of tests that could be performed:

- Scenario Test—A process for assessing the impact of one possible event, or several simultaneously or sequentially occurring possible events, on a plan's financial condition. A scenario test could show, for example, the effect of a layoff or reduction in workforce, or early retirement program.
- Sensitivity Test—A process for assessing the impact of a change in an actuarial
 assumption on an actuarial measurement. A sensitivity analysis could demonstrate, for
 example, the impact of a decrease in the valuation discount rate or a change in future
 life expectancies.
- Stochastic Modeling—A process for generating numerous potential outcomes by allowing for random variations in one or more inputs over time for the purpose of assessing the distribution of those outcomes. This type of analysis could show, for example, a range of potential future contribution levels and the likelihood of contributions increasing to a certain level.
- Stress Test—A process for assessing the impact of adverse changes in one or relatively few factors affecting a plan's financial condition. A stress test could show, for example, the impact of a single year or period of several years with significant investment losses.

Section VIII. Projections for Premium Tax and COLA Eligibility



Table 1 – Open Group Projection (Determines Eligibility for Premium Tax Allocation)

	Numbe	r (BOY)						Assets								
Year End June 30	Active	Non- Active	Total Payroll	MVA (BOY)	Benefit Payments	Expenses	Employer Contrib.	Employee Contrib.	Premium Tax Allocation	Investment Income	MVA (EOY)	AVA (EOY)	Actuarial Accrued Liability	Unfunded Liability	Projected Unfunded Liability	AVA Funded Ratio
2022 2023	12 13	40 39	\$546,005 \$674,406	\$5,483,214 \$4,553,550	\$945,262 \$967,472	\$145 \$149	\$545,403 \$583,583	\$54,388 \$60,955	\$212,545 \$205,878	(796,593) \$224,783	\$4,553,550 \$4,661,128	\$4,804,660 \$4,908,675	\$17,194,480 \$17,352,330	\$12,389,820 \$12,443,655	\$12,427,537 \$12,412,973	27.94% 28.29%
2024	13	39	\$720,360	\$4,661,128	\$977,512	\$153	\$624,434	\$65,254	\$250,409	\$232,129	\$4,855,689	\$5,122,556	\$17,528,586	\$12,406,030	\$12,341,995	29.22%
2025	13	38	\$762,875	\$4,855,689	\$985,523	\$154	\$668,144	\$69,223	\$252,816	\$242,896	\$5,103,091	\$5,103,091	\$17,725,297	\$12,622,206	\$12,522,979	28.79%
2026	13	38	\$806,575	\$5,103,091	\$991,914	\$158	\$714,914	\$73,305	\$266,508	\$256,702	\$5,422,448	\$5,422,448	\$17,945,427	\$12,522,979	\$12,374,576	30.22%
2027	13	37	\$849,190	\$5,422,448	\$999,803	\$159	\$764,958	\$77,287	\$274,524	\$274,007	\$5,813,262	\$5,813,262	\$18,187,838	\$12,374,576	\$12,170,891	31.96%
2028	13	36	\$892,300	\$5,813,262	\$1,003,524	\$160	\$818,505	\$81,315	\$282,741	\$295,080	\$6,287,219	\$6,287,219	\$18,458,110	\$12,170,891	\$11,905,685	34.06%
2029	13	36	\$937,195	\$6,287,219	\$1,008,381	\$164	\$875,800	\$85,513	\$291,163	\$320,385	\$6,851,535	\$6,851,535	\$18,757,220	\$11,905,685	\$11,569,906	36.53%
2030	13	35	\$983,570	\$6,851,535	\$1,012,447	\$165	\$937,106	\$89,851	\$301,869	\$350,386	\$7,518,135	\$7,518,135	\$19,088,041	\$11,569,906	\$11,157,300	39.39%
2031	13	35	\$1,031,654	\$7,518,135	\$1,015,852	\$169	\$1,002,703	\$94,344	\$311,515	\$385,601	\$8,296,277	\$8,296,277	\$19,453,577	\$11,157,300	\$10,658,147	42.65%
2032	13	34	\$1,081,053	\$8,296,277	\$1,017,862	\$170	\$1,072,892	\$98,950	\$322,767	\$426,583	\$9,199,437	\$9,199,437	\$19,857,584	\$10,658,147	\$10,059,263	46.33%
2033	13	34	\$1,116,977	\$9,199,437	\$1,026,655	\$174	\$1,147,994	\$102,285	\$332,199	\$473,694	\$10,228,780	\$10,228,780	\$20,288,043	\$10,059,263	\$9,348,954	50.42%
2034	13	33	\$1,157,412	\$10,228,780	\$1,050,012	\$175	\$1,228,354	\$106,031	\$342,859	\$526,924	\$11,382,761	\$11,382,761	\$20,731,715	\$9,348,954	\$8,522,768	54.91%
2035	13	33	\$1,219,928	\$11,382,761	\$1,065,520	\$179	\$1,314,339	\$111,848	\$354,688	\$586,799	\$12,684,736	\$12,684,736	\$21,207,504	\$8,522,768	\$7,563,231	59.81%
2036	13	32	\$1,259,007	\$12,684,736	\$1,095,257	\$179	\$1,406,343	\$116,101	\$366,206	\$653,825	\$14,131,775	\$14,131,775	\$21,695,006	\$7,563,231	\$6,458,451	65.14%
2037	13	32	\$1,305,310	\$14,131,775	\$1,127,390	\$183	\$1,504,787	\$121,249	\$378,814	\$728,253	\$15,737,305	\$15,737,305	\$22,195,756	\$6,458,451	\$5,184,888	70.90%
2038	13	32	\$1,348,375	\$15,737,305	\$1,165,808	\$188	\$1,610,122	\$126,150	\$399,978	\$810,826	\$17,518,385	\$17,518,385	\$22,703,273	\$5,184,888	\$3,745,851	77.16%
2039	13	31	\$1,415,896	\$17,518,385	\$1,194,256	\$188	\$1,722,831	\$133,409	\$411,383	\$902,421	\$19,493,985	\$19,493,985	\$23,239,836	\$3,745,851	\$2,113,614	83.88%
2040	13	31	\$1,453,016	\$19,493,985	\$1,231,489	\$193	\$1,843,429	\$137,316	\$423,074	\$1,003,645	\$21,669,767	\$21,669,767	\$23,783,381	\$2,113,614	\$262,322	91.11%
2041	13	30	\$1,471,203	\$21,669,767	\$1,302,161	\$193	\$1,972,469	\$139,291	\$435,056	\$1,114,220	\$24,028,449	\$24,028,449	\$24,290,771	\$262,322	-	98.92%
2042	13	31	\$1,531,503	\$24,028,449	\$1,362,634	\$202	\$786,197	\$145,123	-	\$1,190,766	\$24,787,699	\$24,787,699	\$24,787,699	-	-	100.00%
2043	13	30	\$1,605,663	\$24,787,699	\$1,394,374	\$202	\$541,768	\$152,256	-	\$1,222,085	\$25,309,232	\$25,309,232	\$25,309,232	-	-	100.00%
2044	13	30	\$1,678,487	\$25,309,232	\$1,416,648	\$207	\$565,761	\$159,252	-	\$1,248,376	\$25,865,766	\$25,865,766	\$25,865,766	-	-	100.00%
2045	13	29	\$1,746,512	\$25,865,766	\$1,439,101	\$207	\$587,640	\$165,773	-	\$1,276,350	\$26,456,221	\$26,456,221	\$26,456,221	-	-	100.00%
2046	13	28	\$1,809,039	\$26,456,221	\$1,465,721	\$207	\$607,335	\$171,824	-	\$1,305,851	\$27,075,303	\$27,075,303	\$27,075,303	-	-	100.00%
2047	13	28	\$1,903,238	\$27,075,303	\$1,473,493	\$212	\$638,596	\$180,794	-	\$1,337,607	\$27,758,595	\$27,758,595	\$27,758,595	-	-	100.00%
2048	13	27	\$1,944,445	\$27,758,595	\$1,513,009	\$212	\$651,560	\$184,804	-	\$1,371,215	\$28,452,953	\$28,452,953	\$28,452,953	-	-	100.00%
2049	13	27	\$2,033,553	\$28,452,953	\$1,543,183	\$217	\$681,307	\$193,257	-	\$1,406,131	\$29,190,248	\$29,190,248	\$29,190,248	-	-	100.00%
2050	13	26	\$2,112,772	\$29,190,248	\$1,567,999	\$217	\$707,431	\$200,781	-	\$1,443,214	\$29,973,458	\$29,973,458	\$29,973,458	-	-	100.00%
2051	13	26	\$2,206,425	\$29,973,458	\$1,584,245	\$222	\$738,663	\$209,676		\$1,482,964	\$30,820,294	\$30,820,294	\$30,820,294	-	-	100.00%
2052 2053	13 13	25 25	\$2,297,556	\$30,820,294	\$1,600,360	\$222 \$228	\$769,221	\$218,339	-	\$1,525,876 \$1,521,152	\$31,733,148	\$31,733,148	\$31,733,148	-	-	100.00% 100.00%
2053	13	25	\$2,364,180 \$2,450,646	\$31,733,148 \$32,676,454	\$1,646,961	\$228	\$794,643 \$827,600	\$224,699 \$232,901	-	\$1,571,153	\$32,676,454	\$32,676,454 \$33,661,605	\$32,676,454	-	-	100.00%
	13				\$1,693,312				-	\$1,618,190	\$33,661,605		\$33,661,605	-	-	100.00%
2055 2056	13	24 23	\$2,542,965 \$2,642,016	\$33,661,605 \$34,701,666	\$1,728,982 \$1,762,415	\$234 \$233	\$860,020 \$894,059	\$241,673 \$251,081	-	\$1,667,584 \$1,719,834	\$34,701,666 \$35,803,992	\$34,701,666 \$35,803,992	\$34,701,666 \$35,803,992	-	-	100.00%
2056	13	23	\$2,741,584	\$34,701,000	\$1,762,415	\$233 \$239	\$927,895	\$251,061	-	\$1,719,034	\$36,972,286	\$35,603,992	\$35,603,992	-	-	100.00%
2057	13	23	\$2,741,364	\$36,972,286	\$1,793,120	\$239 \$238	\$958,914	\$269,355	-	\$1,773,212	\$38,196,475	\$38,196,475	\$38,196,475	-	-	100.00%
2058	13	22	\$2,034,259	\$38,196,475	\$1,884,624	\$236 \$244	\$956,914	\$209,355	-	\$1,894,638	\$39,476,163	\$39,476,163	\$39,476,163	-	-	100.00%
2059	13	22	\$3,043,607	\$39,476,163	\$1,004,024	\$244 \$250	\$1,028,548	\$270,041	-	\$1,094,030	\$40,822,226	\$40,822,226	\$40,822,226	-	-	100.00%
2060	13	21	\$3,043,007	\$40,822,226	\$1,930,103	\$230 \$249	\$1,026,346	\$289,230	-	\$1,936,080	\$40,822,228	\$40,822,226	\$40,822,226	-	-	100.00%
2061	13	21	\$3,147,092	\$42,228,736	\$2,043,924	\$249 \$255	\$1,002,727	\$308,618	-	\$2,025,617	\$43,684,295	\$43,684,295	\$43,684,295	-	-	100.00%
2062	13	21	\$3,247,213	\$42,226,736	\$2,043,924	\$255 \$261	\$1,095,490	\$306,616	-	\$2,095,630	\$45,175,247	\$45,175,247	\$45,175,247	-	-	100.00%



Table 2 – Closed Group Projection (Determines Whether COLA is Granted)

	Number	r (BOY)						Assets								
Year End June 30	Active	Non- Active	Total Payroll	MVA (BOY)	Benefit Payments	Expenses	Employer Contrib.	Employee Contrib.	Premium Tax Allocation	Investment Income	MVA (EOY)	AVA (EOY)	Actuarial Accrued Liability	Unfunded Liability	Projected Unfunded Liability	AVA Funded Ratio
2022	12	40	\$546,005	\$5,483,214	\$945,262	\$145	\$545,403	\$54,388	\$212,545	(796,593)	\$4,553,550	\$4,804,660	\$17,194,480	\$12,389,820	\$12,427,537	27.94%
2023	13	39	\$674,406	\$4,553,550	\$967,472	\$149	\$583,583	\$60,955	\$205,878	\$224,783	\$4,661,128	\$4,908,675	\$17,352,330	\$12,443,655	\$12,401,508	28.29%
2024	12	39	\$687,257	\$4,661,128	\$977,375	\$153	\$624,434	\$62,107	\$250,409	\$232,054	\$4,852,604	\$5,119,471	\$17,514,036	\$12,394,565	\$12,305,363	29.23%
2025 2026	12 11	38 38	\$692,061 \$698,574	\$4,852,604 \$5,093,396	\$985,093 \$991,011	\$154 \$155	\$668,144 \$714,914	\$62,493 \$63,040	\$252,816 \$266,508	\$242,586 \$255,986	\$5,093,396 \$5,402,678	\$5,093,396 \$5,402,678	\$17,678,969 \$17,849,612	\$12,585,573 \$12,446,934	\$12,446,934 \$12,245,533	28.81% 30.27%
2020	11	37	\$708,037	\$5,402,678	\$991,011	\$155 \$156	\$714,914	\$63,872	\$200,508	\$235,980	\$5,780,326	\$5,780,326	\$17,649,612	\$12,440,934	\$12,245,555	32.07%
2027	10	36	\$708,037	\$5,780,326	\$1,001,234	\$150	\$818,505	\$64,722	\$274,324	\$272,723	\$6,237,988	\$6,237,988	\$18,212,455	\$12,245,555	\$11,626,675	34.25%
2029	10	36	\$728,859	\$6,237,988	\$1,005,338	\$157	\$875,800	\$65,715	\$291,163	\$317,510	\$6,782,681	\$6,782,681	\$18,409,356	\$11,626,675	\$11,192,335	36.84%
2030	10	35	\$741,513	\$6,782,681	\$1,008,452	\$157 \$157	\$937,106	\$66,849	\$301,869	\$346,474	\$7,426,370	\$7,426,370	\$18,618,705	\$11,192,335	\$10,664,242	39.89%
2031	9	35	\$755,475	\$7,426,370	\$1,010,682	\$157	\$1,002,703	\$68,098	\$311,515	\$380,492	\$8,178,339	\$8,178,339	\$18,842,581	\$10,664,242	\$10,031,611	43.40%
2032	9	34	\$770,160	\$8,178,339	\$1,011,278	\$157	\$1,072,892	\$69,407	\$322,767	\$420,119	\$9,052,089	\$9,052,089	\$19,083,700	\$10,031,611	\$9,279,701	47.43%
2033	9	33	\$769,505	\$9,052,089	\$1,018,744	\$157	\$1,147,994	\$69,266	\$332,199	\$465,707	\$10,048,354	\$10,048,354	\$19,328,055	\$9,279,701	\$8,386,142	51.99%
2034	8	33	\$745,201	\$10,048,354	\$1,040,449	\$157	\$1,228,354	\$66,859	\$342,859	\$517,172	\$11,162,992	\$11,162,992	\$19,549,134	\$8,386,142	\$7,339,962	57.10%
2035	7	33	\$728,640	\$11,162,992	\$1,053,885	\$157	\$1,314,339	\$65,161	\$354,688	\$574,946	\$12,418,084	\$12,418,084	\$19,758,046	\$7,339,962	\$6,128,229	62.85%
2036	7	32	\$707,422	\$12,418,084	\$1,081,157	\$157	\$1,406,343	\$63,686	\$366,206	\$639,547	\$13,812,552	\$13,812,552	\$19,940,781	\$6,128,229	\$4,729,932	69.27%
2037	6	32	\$671,591	\$13,812,552	\$1,110,565	\$157	\$1,504,787	\$61,029	\$378,814	\$711,221	\$15,357,681	\$15,357,681	\$20,087,613	\$4,729,932	\$3,118,933	76.45%
2038	6	31	\$631,158	\$15,357,681	\$1,145,968	\$157	\$1,610,122	\$57,996	\$399,978	\$790,652	\$17,070,304	\$17,070,304	\$20,189,237	\$3,118,933	\$1,290,419	84.55%
2039	5	31	\$598,036	\$17,070,304	\$1,171,067	\$157	\$1,722,831	\$55,691	\$411,383	\$878,672	\$18,967,657	\$18,967,657	\$20,258,076	\$1,290,419	-	93.63%
2040	5	30	\$555,101	\$18,967,657	\$1,204,459	\$156	\$1,506,312	\$51,992	-	\$957,117	\$20,278,463	\$20,278,463	\$20,278,463	-	-	100.00%
2041	4	30	\$456,989	\$20,278,463	\$1,270,478	\$155	\$151,255	\$42,915	-	\$987,340	\$20,189,340	\$20,189,340	\$20,189,340	-	-	100.00%
2042	3	30	\$360,329	\$20,189,340	\$1,325,576	\$154	\$117,541	\$33,831	-	\$980,466	\$19,995,448	\$19,995,448	\$19,995,448	-	-	100.00%
2043	2	30	\$302,258	\$19,995,448	\$1,351,598	\$153	\$96,633	\$28,401	-	\$969,479	\$19,738,210	\$19,738,210	\$19,738,210	-	-	100.00%
2044	2	29	\$263,995	\$19,738,210	\$1,365,283	\$152	\$82,624	\$24,836	-	\$955,845	\$19,436,080	\$19,436,080	\$19,436,080	-	-	100.00%
2045	2	28	\$231,454	\$19,436,080	\$1,373,686	\$151	\$70,417	\$21,798	-	\$940,154	\$19,094,612	\$19,094,612	\$19,094,612	-	-	100.00%
2046	1	28	\$195,019	\$19,094,612	\$1,383,359	\$150	\$56,774	\$18,445	-	\$922,422	\$18,708,744	\$18,708,744	\$18,708,744	-	-	100.00%
2047	1	27	\$186,384	\$18,708,744	\$1,372,263	\$148	\$53,508	\$17,643	-	\$903,302	\$18,310,786	\$18,310,786	\$18,310,786	-	-	100.00%
2048	1	26	\$146,407	\$18,310,786	\$1,384,596	\$146	\$39,568	\$13,936	-	\$882,664	\$17,862,212	\$17,862,212	\$17,862,212	-	-	100.00%
2049	1	25	\$120,794	\$17,862,212	\$1,382,802	\$144	\$31,171	\$11,486	-	\$860,012	\$17,381,935	\$17,381,935	\$17,381,935	-	-	100.00%
2050	1	25	\$103,930	\$17,381,935	\$1,374,379	\$148	\$25,266	\$9,879	-	\$836,021	\$16,878,574	\$16,878,574	\$16,878,574	-	-	100.00%
2051	1	24	\$97,750	\$16,878,574	\$1,357,304	\$146	\$23,137	\$9,290	-	\$811,207	\$16,364,758	\$16,364,758	\$16,364,758	-	-	100.00%
2052	0	23	\$96,759	\$16,364,758	\$1,335,234	\$138	\$22,648	\$9,195	-	\$786,047	\$15,847,276	\$15,847,276	\$15,847,276	-	-	100.00%
2053	0	22	\$71,780	\$15,847,276	\$1,338,486	\$135	\$16,832	\$6,850	-	\$759,891	\$15,292,228	\$15,292,228	\$15,292,228	-	-	100.00%
2054	0	21	\$39,089	\$15,292,228	\$1,337,241	\$132	\$9,394	\$3,723	-	\$731,909	\$14,699,881	\$14,699,881	\$14,699,881	-	-	100.00%
2055	0	21	\$26,552	\$14,699,881	\$1,319,782	\$135	\$6,480	\$2,529	-	\$702,621	\$14,091,594	\$14,091,594	\$14,091,594	-	-	100.00%
2056	0	20	\$18,989	\$14,091,594	\$1,297,294	\$132	\$4,697	\$1,808	-	\$672,700	\$13,473,373	\$13,473,373	\$13,473,373	-	-	100.00%
2057	0	19	\$14,553	\$13,473,373	\$1,271,290	\$129	\$3,632	\$1,385	-	\$642,395	\$12,849,366	\$12,849,366	\$12,849,366	-	-	100.00%
2058	0	18	\$9,085	\$12,849,366	\$1,245,038	\$125	\$2,153	\$865	-	\$611,793	\$12,219,014	\$12,219,014	\$12,219,014	-	-	100.00%
2059	0	17	\$7,036	\$12,219,014	\$1,215,428	\$121	\$1,692	\$669	-	\$580,991	\$11,586,817	\$11,586,817	\$11,586,817	-	-	100.00%
2060	0	17	\$5,448	\$11,586,817	\$1,184,892	\$124	\$1,341	\$518	-	\$550,123	\$10,953,783	\$10,953,783	\$10,953,783	=	-	100.00%
2061	0	16	\$4,218	\$10,953,783	\$1,153,679	\$120	\$1,062	\$402	-	\$519,232	\$10,320,680	\$10,320,680	\$10,320,680	-	-	100.00%
2062	0	15	\$3,265	\$10,320,680	\$1,122,029	\$115	\$844	\$310	-	\$488,351	\$9,688,041	\$9,688,041	\$9,688,041	-	-	100.00%
2063	0	14	-	\$9,688,041	\$1,092,025	\$110	\$110	-	-	\$457,434	\$9,053,450	\$9,053,450	\$9,053,450	-	-	100.00%



Section IX. Funding Policy Change Analysis

Funding Policy Options

For plans using the Alternative funding policy, West Virginia Code §8-22-20 requires the actuarial valuation report to provide an evaluation of the plan and to assess advantages of changing to other funding policies. The other funding policies available to this plan are the Optional and Optional II funding policies. The Optional funding policy is defined in West Virginia Code §8-22-20(e)(1) and is effective for plan years beginning on or after January 1, 2010. The Optional II funding policy is defined in West Virginia Code §8-22-20(g)(2) and is effective for plan years beginning on or after July 1, 2023.

If the municipality were to choose to fund using the Optional or Optional II funding policies in lieu of the Alternative policy, then the following conditions would apply to the plan:

- The required total contribution to the plan, including the premium tax allocation and employee contributions, would equal the normal cost plus a layered, level dollar amortization of the unfunded accrued liability.
- The initial unfunded liability upon switching to the policy must be amortized over a period of no more than:
 - Optional: 40 years beginning January 1, 2010 (26.5 years remaining for contributions developed for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024).
 - Optional II: 40 years beginning July 1, 2023 (40.0 years remaining for contributions developed for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024)
 - For more information about these funding policies please see West Virginia Funding Policies within Section XII. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions.
- The pension and relief fund would close to newly-hired police officers or firemen after the date of the change and new hires would join the statewide plan - Municipal Police Officers and Firefighters Retirement System (MPFRS).
 - o Employer contributions for MPFRS currently equal 8.5% of pay
 - Employee contributions for MPFRS currently equal 8.5% of pay
 - The West Virginia Consolidated Public Retirement Board can change the employer contribution and employee contribution rate to a percentage of pay between 8.5% and 10.5% as needed to maintain an actuarially sound pension plan.

As stated previously, the Alternative funding policy does not adhere to actuarial principles generally considered necessary for classification as a reasonable funding policy. An example of a reasonable funding method is one that develops a contribution as the sum of (1) the cost of the additional benefits earned by the employees for that year (i.e. the normal cost) and (2) a level dollar or level percentage of pay amortization of the unfunded accrued liability. Both the Optional and Optional II funding policies achieve this goal, but the Alternative funding policy does not.

To help the municipality understand the impact of switching, we calculated the projected contributions, liabilities, and assets over a 40-year period under two different scenarios. The first scenario assumes the municipality switches to either the Optional or Optional II funding



policies in the next valuation year. The second scenario assumes the municipality switches to either the Optional or Optional II funding policies in the year that the contribution for that funding policy is projected to be the same or less than the contribution under the Alternative funding policy. The projections are provided on the following pages of this report.

Scenario 1 – Immediate Change

The following tables show the estimated contribution under the three funding policies in the next fiscal year and in 2063 assuming the municipality elects one of the new funding policies for the next fiscal year:

	Contribution Comparison for FYE June 30, 2024											
		Local Pla	an	State Pla	ın	Total						
Funding Policy	AVA Funded Status	Amount	% of Pay	Amount	% of Pay	Amount	% of Pay					
Alternative	27.9%	\$624,434	86.7%	N/A	N/A	\$624,434	86.7%					
Optional	27.9%	\$811,912	118.1%	\$2,814	8.5%	\$814,726	113.1%					
Optional II	27.9%	\$682,915	99.4%	\$2,814	8.5%	\$685,729	95.2%					

	Contribution Comparison for FYE June 30, 2063											
		Local Pla	n	State Pla	n	Total						
Funding Policy	100% Funded Year	Amount	% of Pay	Amount	% of Pay	Amount	% of Pay					
Alternative	2042	\$1,127,925	33.7%	N/A	N/A	\$1,127,925	33.7%					
Optional	2050	\$110	N/A	\$284,392	8.5%	\$284,502	8.5%					
Optional II	2063	\$110	N/A	\$284,392	8.5%	\$284,502	8.5%					

The projected year-by-year contribution requirements under the Optional and Optional II policies for the current plan are detailed in the projections in Tables 3 – 6 on the following pages.



Scenario 2 – Change When Fiscally Advantageous

The following tables show estimated contributions under the Optional and Optional II funding policies if the municipality switches to these funding policies in the year that the estimated contribution is smaller than the contribution under the Alternative funding policy. The first table shows the contribution in the year of the change in funding policy, while the second table shows the contribution at the end of the projection period (FYE 2063).

Contribution Comparison for Fiscal Year of Change										
	Current Policy New Policy Differen									
Funding Policy	Year of Change	Total (Local + State) Contribution in Year of Change	Total (Local + State) Contribution in Year of Change	New Policy Contribution Minus Alternative						
Optional	2030	\$937,106	\$935,692	\$(1,414)						
Optional II	2026	\$714,914	\$706,731	\$(8,183)						

Contribution Comparison for FYE June 30, 2063														
	Current Policy New Policy Difference													
Funding Policy	AVA Funded Status	Total (Local + State) Contribution in FYE 2063	Total (Local + State) Contribution in FYE 2063	New Policy Contribution Minus Alternative										
Optional	100%	\$1,127,925	\$287,270	\$(840,655)										
Optional II	100%	\$1,127,925	\$285,134	\$(842,791)										

The projected year-by-year contribution requirements under the Optional and Optional II policies assume the municipality switches funding policies in the year that the new funding policy contribution is projected to be less than the Alternative policy contribution. If the "Year of Change" is "after 2063" then the new funding policy contribution is not projected to be less than the Alternative funding policy contribution in the 40-year projection period. In this case, the *Difference* column is the amount that the Optional or Optional II funding policy contribution exceeds the Alternative contribution in 2063.



Table 3 – Switch to Optional Funding Policy in 2024

	Numbe	r (BOY)					Assets								
Year End June 30	Active	Non- Active	MVA (BOY)	Benefit Payments	Expenses	Employer Contrib.	Employee Contrib.	Premium Tax Allocation	Investment Income	MVA (EOY)	AVA (EOY)	Actuarial Accrued Liability	Unfunded Liability	Projected Unfunded Liability	AVA Funded Ratio
2022	12	40	\$5,483,214	\$945,262	\$145	\$545,403	\$54,388	\$212,545	(796,593)	\$4,553,550	\$4,804,660	\$17,194,480	\$12,389,820	\$12,427,537	27.94%
2023	13	39	\$4,553,550	\$967,472	\$149	\$583,583	\$60,955	\$205,878	\$224,783	\$4,661,128	\$4,908,675	\$17,352,330	\$12,443,655	\$12,209,400	28.29%
2024	12	39	\$4,661,128	\$977,375	\$153	\$811,912	\$62,107	\$250,409	\$236,684	\$5,044,712	\$5,311,579	\$17,514,036	\$12,202,457	\$11,954,512	30.33%
2025	12	38	\$5,044,712	\$985,093	\$154	\$813,687	\$62,493	\$252,816	\$255,785	\$5,444,246	\$5,444,246	\$17,678,969	\$12,234,723	\$11,989,094	30.80%
2026	11	38	\$5,444,246	\$991,011	\$155	\$802,206	\$63,040	\$266,508	\$275,684	\$5,860,518	\$5,860,518	\$17,849,612	\$11,989,094	\$11,702,838	32.83%
2027	11	37	\$5,860,518	\$998,275	\$156	\$825,428	\$63,872	\$274,524	\$297,110	\$6,323,021	\$6,323,021	\$18,025,859	\$11,702,838	\$11,402,267	35.08%
2028	10	36	\$6,323,021	\$1,001,234	\$153	\$820,818	\$64,722	\$282,741	\$320,273	\$6,810,188	\$6,810,188	\$18,212,455	\$11,402,267	\$11,086,669	37.39%
2029	10	36	\$6,810,188	\$1,005,338	\$157	\$816,462	\$65,715	\$291,163	\$344,654	\$7,322,687	\$7,322,687	\$18,409,356	\$11,086,669	\$10,755,291	39.78%
2030	10	35	\$7,322,687	\$1,008,452	\$157	\$810,276	\$66,849	\$301,869	\$370,342	\$7,863,414	\$7,863,414	\$18,618,705	\$10,755,291	\$10,407,344	42.23%
2031	9	35	\$7,863,414	\$1,010,682	\$157	\$805,573	\$68,098	\$311,515	\$397,476	\$8,435,237	\$8,435,237	\$18,842,581	\$10,407,344	\$10,041,999	44.77%
2032	9	34	\$8,435,237	\$1,011,278	\$157	\$799,512	\$69,407	\$322,767	\$426,213	\$9,041,701	\$9,041,701	\$19,083,700	\$10,041,999	\$9,658,387	47.38%
2033	9	33	\$9,041,701	\$1,018,744	\$157	\$789,079	\$69,266	\$332,199	\$456,324	\$9,669,668	\$9,669,668	\$19,328,055	\$9,658,387	\$9,255,595	50.03%
2034	8	33	\$9,669,668	\$1,040,449	\$157	\$767,892	\$66,859	\$342,859	\$486,867	\$10,293,539	\$10,293,539	\$19,549,134	\$9,255,595	\$8,832,663	52.65%
2035	7	33	\$10,293,539	\$1,053,885	\$157	\$748,536	\$65,161	\$354,688	\$517,501	\$10,925,383	\$10,925,383	\$19,758,046	\$8,832,663	\$8,388,585	55.30%
2036	7	32	\$10,925,383	\$1,081,157	\$157	\$730,025	\$63,686	\$366,206	\$548,210	\$11,552,196	\$11,552,196	\$19,940,781	\$8,388,585	\$7,922,303	57.93%
2037	6	32	\$11,552,196	\$1,110,565	\$157	\$705,528	\$61,029	\$378,814	\$578,465	\$12,165,310	\$12,165,310	\$20,087,613	\$7,922,303	\$7,432,706	60.56%
2038	6	31	\$12,165,310	\$1,145,968	\$157	\$671,517	\$57,996	\$399,978	\$607,855	\$12,756,531	\$12,756,531	\$20,189,237	\$7,432,706	\$6,918,630	63.18%
2039	5	31	\$12,756,531	\$1,171,067	\$157	\$650,562	\$55,691	\$411,383	\$636,503	\$13,339,446	\$13,339,446	\$20,258,076	\$6,918,630	\$6,380,480	65.85%
2040	5	30	\$13,339,446	\$1,204,459	\$156	\$623,727	\$51,992	\$423,074	\$664,359	\$13,897,983	\$13,897,983	\$20,278,463	\$6,380,480	\$5,814,722	68.54%
2041	4	30	\$13,897,983	\$1,270,478	\$155	\$579,658	\$42,915	\$435,056	\$689,639	\$14,374,618	\$14,374,618	\$20,189,340	\$5,814,722	\$5,249,021	71.20%
2042	3	30	\$14,374,618	\$1,325,576	\$154	\$495,720	\$33,831	\$457,618	\$710,370	\$14,746,427	\$14,746,427	\$19,995,448	\$5,249,021	\$4,655,035	73.75%
2043	2	30	\$14,746,427	\$1,351,598	\$153	\$460,097	\$28,401	\$472,333	\$727,668	\$15,083,175	\$15,083,175	\$19,738,210	\$4,655,035	\$4,031,349	76.42%
2044	2	29	\$15,083,175	\$1,365,283	\$152	\$425,794	\$24,836	\$492,628	\$743,733	\$15,404,731	\$15,404,731	\$19,436,080	\$4,031,349	\$3,376,480	79.26%
2045	2	28	\$15,404,731	\$1,373,686	\$151	\$399,814	\$21,798	\$506,399	\$759,227	\$15,718,132	\$15,718,132	\$19,094,612	\$3,376,480	\$2,688,866	82.32%
2046	1	28	\$15,718,132	\$1,383,359	\$150	\$373,513	\$18,445	\$519,059	\$774,238	\$16,019,878	\$16,019,878	\$18,708,744	\$2,688,866	\$1,966,873	85.63%
2047	1	27	\$16,019,878	\$1,372,263	\$148	\$357,269	\$17,643	\$532,035	\$789,499	\$16,343,913	\$16,343,913	\$18,310,786	\$1,966,873	\$1,208,779	89.26%
2048	1	26	\$16,343,913	\$1,384,596	\$146	\$330,029	\$13,936	\$545,336	\$804,961	\$16,653,433	\$16,653,433	\$17,862,212	\$1,208,779	\$412,781	93.23%
2049	1	25	\$16,653,433	\$1,382,802	\$144	\$307,999	\$11,486	\$558,969	\$820,213	\$16,969,154	\$16,969,154	\$17,381,935	\$412,781	-	97.63%
2050	1	25	\$16,969,154	\$1,374,379	\$148	\$25,266	\$9,879	\$422,975	\$825,827	\$16,878,574	\$16,878,574	\$16,878,574	-	-	100.00%
2051	1	24	\$16,878,574	\$1,357,304	\$146	\$23,137	\$9,290	-	\$811,207	\$16,364,758	\$16,364,758	\$16,364,758	-	-	100.00%
2052	0	23	\$16,364,758	\$1,335,234	\$138	\$22,648	\$9,195	-	\$786,047	\$15,847,276	\$15,847,276	\$15,847,276	-	-	100.00%
2053	0	22	\$15,847,276	\$1,338,486	\$135	\$16,831	\$6,850	-	\$759,892	\$15,292,228	\$15,292,228	\$15,292,228	-	-	100.00%
2054	0	21	\$15,292,228	\$1,337,241	\$132	\$9,394	\$3,723	-	\$731,909	\$14,699,881	\$14,699,881	\$14,699,881	-	-	100.00%
2055	0	21	\$14,699,881	\$1,319,782	\$135	\$6,480	\$2,529	-	\$702,621	\$14,091,594	\$14,091,594	\$14,091,594	-	-	100.00%
2056	0	20	\$14,091,594	\$1,297,294	\$132	\$4,697	\$1,808	-	\$672,700	\$13,473,373	\$13,473,373	\$13,473,373	-	-	100.00%
2057	0	19	\$13,473,373	\$1,271,290	\$129	\$3,631	\$1,385	-	\$642,396	\$12,849,366	\$12,849,366	\$12,849,366	-	-	100.00%
2058	0	18	\$12,849,366	\$1,245,038	\$125	\$2,153	\$865	-	\$611,793	\$12,219,014	\$12,219,014	\$12,219,014	-	-	100.00%
2059	0	17	\$12,219,014	\$1,215,428	\$121	\$1,692	\$669	-	\$580,991	\$11,586,817	\$11,586,817	\$11,586,817	-	-	100.00%
2060	0	17	\$11,586,817	\$1,184,892	\$124	\$1,340	\$518	-	\$550,124	\$10,953,783	\$10,953,783	\$10,953,783	-	-	100.00%
2061	0	16	\$10,953,783	\$1,153,679	\$120	\$1,062	\$402	-	\$519,232	\$10,320,680	\$10,320,680	\$10,320,680	-	-	100.00%
2062	0	15	\$10,320,680	\$1,122,029	\$115	\$844	\$310	_	\$488,351	\$9,688,041	\$9,688,041	\$9,688,041	-	-	100.00%
2063	0	14	\$9,688,041	\$1,092,025	\$110	\$110	-	-	\$457,435	\$9,053,450	\$9,053,450	\$9,053,450	-	-	100.00%



Table 3 – Switch to Optional Funding Policy in 2024 (Cont.)

				Employer Contributions											
Year End June 30	Closed Group Payroll	New Entrant Payroll	Total Payroll	Employee Contrib.	Gross Normal Cost	Interest on Net Normal Cost	Net Employer Normal Cost	Amortization of UAAL	Mid-Year Interest on Amortization	Premium Tax Allocation	Net Employer Amortization	Expenses	Optional Employer Contrib.	Statewide Employer Contrib.	Total Employer Contrib.
2024	\$687,257	\$33,103	\$720,360	\$60,610	\$281,525	\$5,456	\$226,371	\$815,654	\$20,143	\$250,409	\$585,388	\$153	\$811,912	\$2,814	\$814,726
2025	\$692,061	\$70,814	\$762,875	\$60,987	\$284,430	\$5,518	\$228,961	\$817,207	\$20,181	\$252,816	\$584,572	\$154	\$813,687	\$6,019	\$819,706
2026	\$698,574	\$108,001	\$806,575	\$61,521	\$287,789	\$5,588	\$231,856	\$816,539	\$20,164	\$266,508	\$570,195	\$155	\$802,206	\$9,180	\$811,386
2027	\$708,037	\$141,153	\$849,190	\$62,333	\$292,089	\$5,674	\$235,430	\$843,535	\$20,831	\$274,524	\$589,842	\$156	\$825,428	\$11,998	\$837,426
2028	\$717,700	\$174,600	\$892,300	\$63,162	\$296,441	\$5,761	\$239,040	\$843,535	\$20,831	\$282,741	\$581,625	\$153	\$820,818	\$14,841	\$835,659
2029	\$728,859	\$208,336	\$937,195	\$64,131	\$301,374	\$5,859	\$243,102	\$843,535	\$20,831	\$291,163	\$573,203	\$157	\$816,462	\$17,709	\$834,171
2030	\$741,513	\$242,057	\$983,570	\$65,238	\$306,892	\$5,968	\$247,622	\$843,535	\$20,831	\$301,869	\$562,497	\$157	\$810,276	\$20,575	\$830,851
2031	\$755,475	\$276,179	\$1,031,654	\$66,457	\$312,935	\$6,087	\$252,565	\$843,535	\$20,831	\$311,515	\$552,851	\$157	\$805,573	\$23,475	\$829,048
2032	\$770,160	\$310,893	\$1,081,053	\$67,734	\$319,278	\$6,212	\$257,756	\$843,535	\$20,831	\$322,767	\$541,599	\$157	\$799,512	\$26,426	\$825,938
2033	\$769,505	\$347,472	\$1,116,977	\$67,597	\$318,164	\$6,188	\$256,755	\$843,535	\$20,831	\$332,199	\$532,167	\$157	\$789,079	\$29,535	\$818,614
2034	\$745,201	\$412,211	\$1,157,412	\$65,248	\$305,542	\$5,934	\$246,228	\$843,535	\$20,831	\$342,859	\$521,507	\$157	\$767,892	\$35,038	\$802,930
2035	\$728,640	\$491,288	\$1,219,928	\$63,591	\$296,539	\$5,753	\$238,701	\$843,535	\$20,831	\$354,688	\$509,678	\$157	\$748,536	\$41,759	\$790,295
2036	\$707,422	\$551,585	\$1,259,007	\$62,151	\$288,275	\$5,584	\$231,708	\$843,535	\$20,831	\$366,206	\$498,160	\$157	\$730,025	\$46,885	\$776,910
2037	\$671,591	\$633,719	\$1,305,310	\$59,558	\$274,079	\$5,298	\$219,819	\$843,535	\$20,831	\$378,814	\$485,552	\$157	\$705,528	\$53,866	\$759,394
2038	\$631,158	\$717,217	\$1,348,375	\$56,598	\$258,582	\$4,988	\$206,972	\$843,535	\$20,831	\$399,978	\$464,388	\$157	\$671,517	\$60,963	\$732,480
2039	\$598,036	\$817,860	\$1,415,896	\$54,349	\$247,013	\$4,758	\$197,422	\$843,535	\$20,831	\$411,383	\$452,983	\$157	\$650,562	\$69,518	\$720,080
2040	\$555,101	\$897,915	\$1,453,016	\$50,739	\$230,178	\$4,431	\$183,870	\$841,982	\$20,793	\$423,074	\$439,701	\$156	\$623,727	\$76,323	\$700,050
2041	\$456,989	\$1,014,214	\$1,471,203	\$41,881	\$189,339	\$3,641	\$151,099	\$842,651	\$20,809	\$435,056	\$428,404	\$155	\$579,658	\$86,208	\$665,866
2042	\$360,329	\$1,171,174	\$1,531,503	\$33,016	\$147,574	\$2,829	\$117,387	\$815,654	\$20,143	\$457,618	\$378,179	\$154	\$495,720	\$99,550	\$595,270
2043	\$302,258	\$1,303,405	\$1,605,663	\$27,717	\$121,872	\$2,325	\$96,480	\$815,654	\$20,143	\$472,333	\$363,464	\$153	\$460,097	\$110,789	\$570,886
2044	\$263,995	\$1,414,492	\$1,678,487	\$24,237	\$104,722	\$1,988	\$82,473	\$815,654	\$20,143	\$492,628	\$343,169	\$152	\$425,794	\$120,232	\$546,026
2045	\$231,454	\$1,515,058	\$1,746,512	\$21,273	\$89,845	\$1,693	\$70,265	\$815,654	\$20,143	\$506,399	\$329,398	\$151	\$399,814	\$128,780	\$528,594
2046	\$195,019	\$1,614,020	\$1,809,039	\$18,000	\$73,260	\$1,365	\$56,625	\$815,654	\$20,143	\$519,059	\$316,738	\$150	\$373,513	\$137,192	\$510,705
2047	\$186,384	\$1,716,854	\$1,903,238	\$17,218	\$69,291	\$1,286	\$53,359	\$815,654	\$20,143	\$532,035	\$303,762	\$148	\$357,269	\$145,933	\$503,202
2048	\$146,407	\$1,798,038	\$1,944,445	\$13,600	\$52,072	\$950	\$39,422	\$815,654	\$20,143	\$545,336	\$290,461	\$146	\$330,029	\$152,833	\$482,862
2049	\$120,794	\$1,912,759	\$2,033,553	\$11,209	\$41,488	\$748	\$31,027	\$815,654	\$20,143	\$558,969	\$276,828	\$144	\$307,999	\$162,585	\$470,584
2050	\$103,930	\$2,008,842	\$2,112,772	\$9,641	\$34,154	\$605	\$25,118	\$412,817	\$10,195	\$422,975	\$37	\$148	\$25,266	\$170,752	\$196,018
2051	\$97,750	\$2,108,675	\$2,206,425	\$9,066	\$31,503	\$554	\$22,991	-	-	-	-	\$146	\$23,137	\$179,237	\$202,374
2052	\$96,759	\$2,200,797	\$2,297,556	\$8,973	\$30,941	\$543	\$22,511	-	-	-	-	\$138	\$22,648	\$187,068	\$209,716
2053	\$71,780	\$2,292,400	\$2,364,180	\$6,685	\$22,979	\$402	\$16,696	-	-	-	-	\$135	\$16,831	\$194,854	\$211,685
2054	\$39,089	\$2,411,557	\$2,450,646	\$3,633	\$12,672	\$223	\$9,262	-	-	-	-	\$132	\$9,394	\$204,982	\$214,376
2055	\$26,552	\$2,516,413	\$2,542,965	\$2,468	\$8,660	\$153	\$6,345	-	-	-	-	\$135	\$6,480	\$213,895	\$220,375
2056	\$18,989	\$2,623,027	\$2,642,016	\$1,764	\$6,219	\$110	\$4,565	-	-	-	-	\$132	\$4,697	\$222,957	\$227,654
2057	\$14,553	\$2,727,031	\$2,741,584	\$1,352	\$4,770	\$84	\$3,502	-	-	-	-	\$129	\$3,631	\$231,798	\$235,429
2058	\$9,085	\$2,825,174	\$2,834,259	\$844	\$2,823	\$49	\$2,028	-	-	-	-	\$125	\$2,153	\$240,140	\$242,293
2059	\$7,036	\$2,924,886	\$2,931,922	\$653	\$2,186	\$38	\$1,571	-	-	-	-	\$121	\$1,692	\$248,615	\$250,307
2060	\$5,448	\$3,038,159	\$3,043,607	\$506	\$1,693	\$29	\$1,216	-	-	-	-	\$124	\$1,340	\$258,244	\$259,584
2061	\$4,218	\$3,142,874	\$3,147,092	\$392	\$1,311	\$23	\$942	-	-	-	-	\$120	\$1,062	\$267,144	\$268,206
2062	\$3,265	\$3,243,948	\$3,247,213	\$303	\$1,014	\$18	\$729	-	-	-	-	\$115	\$844	\$275,736	\$276,580
2063	-	\$3,345,788	\$3,345,788	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	\$110	\$110	\$284,392	\$284,501
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Table 4 – Switch to Optional II Funding Policy in 2024

	Numbe	r (BOY)					Assets								
Year End June 30	Active	Non- Active	MVA (BOY)	Benefit Payments	Expenses	Employer Contrib.	Employee Contrib.	Premium Tax Allocation	Investment Income	MVA (EOY)	AVA (EOY)	Actuarial Accrued Liability	Unfunded Liability	Projected Unfunded Liability	AVA Funded Ratio
2022 2023	12 13	40 39	\$5,483,214 \$4,553,550	\$945,262 \$967,472	\$145 \$149	\$545,403 \$583,583	\$54,388 \$60,955	\$212,545 \$205,878	(796,593) \$224,783	\$4,553,550 \$4,661,128	\$4,804,660 \$4,908,675	\$17,194,480 \$17,352,330	\$12,389,820 \$12,443,655	\$12,427,537 \$12,341,583	27.94% 28.29%
2024	12	39	\$4,661,128	\$977,375	\$153	\$682,915	\$62,107	\$250,409	\$233,499	\$4,912,530	\$5,179,397	\$17,514,036	\$12,334,639	\$12,225,486	29.57%
2025	12	38	\$4,912,530	\$985,093	\$154	\$684,690	\$62,493	\$252,816	\$245,991	\$5,173,273	\$5,173,273	\$17,678,969	\$12,505,696	\$12,405,797	29.26%
2026	11	38	\$5,173,273	\$991,011	\$155	\$673,210	\$63,040	\$266,508	\$258,950	\$5,443,815	\$5,443,815	\$17,849,612	\$12,405,797	\$12,272,558	30.50%
2027	11	37	\$5,443,815	\$998,275	\$156	\$696,431	\$63,872	\$274,524	\$273,090	\$5,753,301	\$5,753,301	\$18,025,859	\$12,272,558	\$12,132,656	31.92%
2028	10	36	\$5,753,301	\$1,001,234	\$153	\$691,821	\$64,722	\$282,741	\$288,601	\$6,079,799	\$6,079,799	\$18,212,455	\$12,132,656	\$11,985,760	33.38%
2029	10	36	\$6,079,799	\$1,005,338	\$157	\$687,465	\$65,715	\$291,163	\$304,949	\$6,423,596	\$6,423,596	\$18,409,356	\$11,985,760	\$11,831,519	34.89%
2030	10	35	\$6,423,596	\$1,008,452	\$157	\$681,279	\$66,849	\$301,869	\$322,202	\$6,787,186	\$6,787,186	\$18,618,705	\$11,831,519	\$11,669,566	36.45%
2031	9	35	\$6,787,186	\$1,010,682	\$157	\$676,576	\$68,098	\$311,515	\$340,479	\$7,173,015	\$7,173,015	\$18,842,581	\$11,669,566	\$11,499,515	38.07%
2032	9	34	\$7,173,015	\$1,011,278	\$157	\$670,515	\$69,407	\$322,767	\$359,916	\$7,584,185	\$7,584,185	\$19,083,700	\$11,499,515	\$11,320,962	39.74%
2033	9	33	\$7,584,185	\$1,018,744	\$157	\$660,082	\$69,266	\$332,199	\$380,262	\$8,007,093	\$8,007,093	\$19,328,055	\$11,320,962	\$11,133,482	41.43%
2034	8	33	\$8,007,093	\$1,040,449	\$157	\$638,895	\$66,859	\$342,859	\$400,552	\$8,415,652	\$8,415,652	\$19,549,134	\$11,133,482	\$10,936,627	43.05%
2035	7	33	\$8,415,652	\$1,053,885	\$157	\$619,539	\$65,161	\$354,688	\$420,421	\$8,821,419	\$8,821,419	\$19,758,046	\$10,936,627	\$10,729,930	44.65%
2036	7	32	\$8,821,419	\$1,081,157	\$157	\$601,028	\$63,686	\$366,206	\$439,826	\$9,210,851	\$9,210,851	\$19,940,781	\$10,729,930	\$10,512,897	46.19%
2037	6	32	\$9,210,851	\$1,110,565	\$157	\$576,531	\$61,029	\$378,814	\$458,213	\$9,574,716	\$9,574,716	\$20,087,613	\$10,512,897	\$10,285,013	47.66%
2038	6	31	\$9,574,716	\$1,145,968	\$157	\$542,520	\$57,996	\$399,978	\$475,139	\$9,904,224	\$9,904,224	\$20,189,237	\$10,285,013	\$10,045,735	49.06%
2039	5	31	\$9,904,224	\$1,171,067	\$157	\$521,565	\$55,691	\$411,383	\$490,702	\$10,212,341	\$10,212,341	\$20,258,076	\$10,045,735	\$9,796,123	50.41%
2040	5	30	\$10,212,341	\$1,204,459	\$156	\$494,730	\$51,992	\$423,074	\$504,818	\$10,482,340	\$10,482,340	\$20,278,463	\$9,796,123	\$9,533,329	51.69%
2041	4	30	\$10,482,340	\$1,270,478	\$155	\$450,662	\$42,915	\$435,056	\$515,671	\$10,656,011	\$10,656,011	\$20,189,340	\$9,533,329	\$9,285,741	52.78%
2042	3	30	\$10,656,011	\$1,325,576	\$154	\$366,723	\$33,831	\$457,618	\$521,254	\$10,709,707	\$10,709,707	\$19,995,448	\$9,285,741	\$9,025,774	53.56%
2043	2	30	\$10,709,707	\$1,351,598	\$153	\$331,100	\$28,401	\$472,333	\$522,646	\$10,712,436	\$10,712,436	\$19,738,210	\$9,025,774	\$8,752,807	54.27%
2044	2	29	\$10,712,436	\$1,365,283	\$152	\$296,797	\$24,836	\$492,628	\$522,011	\$10,683,273	\$10,683,273	\$19,436,080	\$8,752,807	\$8,466,194	54.97%
2045	2	28	\$10,683,273	\$1,373,686	\$151	\$270,817	\$21,798	\$506,399	\$519,968	\$10,628,418	\$10,628,418	\$19,094,612	\$8,466,194	\$8,165,248	55.66%
2046	1	28	\$10,628,418	\$1,383,359	\$150	\$244,516	\$18,445	\$519,059	\$516,567	\$10,543,496	\$10,543,496	\$18,708,744	\$8,165,248	\$7,849,256	56.36%
2047	1	27	\$10,543,496	\$1,372,263	\$148	\$228,272	\$17,643	\$532,035	\$512,495	\$10,461,530	\$10,461,530	\$18,310,786	\$7,849,256	\$7,517,464	57.13%
2048	1	26	\$10,461,530	\$1,384,596	\$146	\$201,032	\$13,936	\$545,336	\$507,656	\$10,344,748	\$10,344,748	\$17,862,212	\$7,517,464	\$7,169,083	57.91%
2049	1	25	\$10,344,748	\$1,382,802	\$144	\$179,002	\$11,486	\$558,969	\$501,593	\$10,212,852	\$10,212,852	\$17,381,935	\$7,169,083	\$6,803,283	58.76%
2050	1	25	\$10,212,852	\$1,374,379	\$148	\$159,123	\$9,879	\$572,943	\$495,021	\$10,075,291	\$10,075,291	\$16,878,574	\$6,803,283	\$6,419,193	59.69%
2051	1	24	\$10,075,291	\$1,357,304	\$146	\$142,670	\$9,290	\$587,267	\$488,497	\$9,945,565	\$9,945,565	\$16,364,758	\$6,419,193	\$6,015,897	60.77%
2052	0	23	\$9,945,565	\$1,335,234	\$138	\$127,500	\$9,195	\$601,949	\$482,542	\$9,831,379	\$9,831,379	\$15,847,276	\$6,015,897	\$5,592,438	62.04%
2053	0	22	\$9,831,379	\$1,338,486	\$135	\$106,633	\$6,850	\$616,998	\$476,551	\$9,699,790	\$9,699,790	\$15,292,228	\$5,592,438	\$5,147,806	63.43%
2054	0	21	\$9,699,790	\$1,337,241	\$132	\$83,771	\$3,723	\$632,423	\$469,741	\$9,552,075	\$9,552,075	\$14,699,881	\$5,147,806	\$4,680,942	64.98%
2055	0	21	\$9,552,075	\$1,319,782	\$135	\$65,046	\$2,529	\$648,234	\$462,685	\$9,410,652	\$9,410,652	\$14,091,594	\$4,680,942	\$4,190,734	66.78%
2056	0	20	\$9,410,652	\$1,297,294	\$132	\$47,057	\$1,808	\$664,440	\$456,108	\$9,282,639	\$9,282,639	\$13,473,373	\$4,190,734	\$3,676,017	68.90%
2057	0	19	\$9,282,639	\$1,271,290	\$129	\$29,380	\$1,385	\$681,051	\$450,313	\$9,173,349	\$9,173,349	\$12,849,366	\$3,676,017	\$3,135,563	71.39%
2058	0	18	\$9,173,349	\$1,245,038	\$125	\$10,876	\$865	\$698,077	\$445,447	\$9,083,451	\$9,083,451	\$12,219,014	\$3,135,563	\$2,559,142	74.34%
2059	0	17	\$9,083,451	\$1,215,428	\$121	\$1,692	\$669	\$715,529	\$441,883	\$9,027,675	\$9,027,675	\$11,586,817	\$2,559,142	\$1,935,572	77.91%
2060	0	17	\$9,027,675	\$1,184,892	\$124	\$1,340	\$518	\$733,417	\$440,277	\$9,018,211	\$9,018,211	\$10,953,783	\$1,935,572	\$1,262,034	82.33%
2061	0	16	\$9,018,211	\$1,153,679	\$120	\$1,062	\$402	\$751,752	\$441,018	\$9,058,646	\$9,058,646	\$10,320,680	\$1,262,034	\$535,561	87.77%
2062	0	15	\$9,058,646	\$1,122,029	\$115	\$844	\$310	\$770,546	\$444,278	\$9,152,480	\$9,152,480	\$9,688,041	\$535,561	-	94.47%
2063	0	14	\$9,152,480	\$1,092,025	\$110	\$110	-	\$548,786	\$444,209	\$9,053,450	\$9,053,450	\$9,053,450	-	-	100.00%



Table 4 – Switch to Optional II Funding Policy in 2024 (Cont.)

				Employer Contributions											
Year End June 30	Closed Group Payroll	New Entrant Payroll	Total Payroll	Employee Contrib.	Gross Normal Cost	Interest on Net Normal Cost	Net Employer Normal Cost	Amortization of UAAL	Mid-Year Interest on Amortization	Premium Tax Allocation	Net Employer Amortization	Expenses	Optional Employer Contrib.	Statewide Employer Contrib.	Total Employer Contrib.
2024	\$687,257	\$33,103	\$720,360	\$60,610	\$281,525	\$5,456	\$226,371	\$689,766	\$17,034	\$250,409	\$456,391	\$153	\$682,915	\$2,814	\$685,729
2025	\$692,061	\$70,814	\$762,875	\$60,987	\$284,430	\$5,518	\$228,961	\$691,319	\$17,072	\$252,816	\$455,575	\$154	\$684,690	\$6,019	\$690,709
2026	\$698,574	\$108,001	\$806,575	\$61,521	\$287,789	\$5,588	\$231,856	\$690,651	\$17,056	\$266,508	\$441,199	\$155	\$673,210	\$9,180	\$682,390
2027	\$708,037	\$141,153	\$849,190	\$62,333	\$292,089	\$5,674	\$235,430	\$717,647	\$17,722	\$274,524	\$460,845	\$156	\$696,431	\$11,998	\$708,429
2028	\$717,700	\$174,600	\$892,300	\$63,162	\$296,441	\$5,761	\$239,040	\$717,647	\$17,722	\$282,741	\$452,628	\$153	\$691,821	\$14,841	\$706,662
2029	\$728,859	\$208,336	\$937,195	\$64,131	\$301,374	\$5,859	\$243,102	\$717,647	\$17,722	\$291,163	\$444,206	\$157	\$687,465	\$17,709	\$705,174
2030	\$741,513	\$242,057	\$983,570	\$65,238	\$306,892	\$5,968	\$247,622	\$717,647	\$17,722	\$301,869	\$433,500	\$157	\$681,279	\$20,575	\$701,854
2031	\$755,475	\$276,179	\$1,031,654	\$66,457	\$312,935	\$6,087	\$252,565	\$717,647	\$17,722	\$311,515	\$423,854	\$157	\$676,576	\$23,475	\$700,051
2032	\$770,160	\$310,893	\$1,081,053	\$67,734	\$319,278	\$6,212	\$257,756	\$717,647	\$17,722	\$322,767	\$412,602	\$157	\$670,515	\$26,426	\$696,941
2033	\$769,505	\$347,472	\$1,116,977	\$67,597	\$318,164	\$6,188	\$256,755	\$717,647	\$17,722	\$332,199	\$403,170	\$157	\$660,082	\$29,535	\$689,617
2034	\$745,201	\$412,211	\$1,157,412	\$65,248	\$305,542	\$5,934	\$246,228	\$717,647	\$17,722	\$342,859	\$392,510	\$157	\$638,895	\$35,038	\$673,933
2035	\$728,640	\$491,288	\$1,219,928	\$63,591	\$296,539	\$5,753	\$238,701	\$717,647	\$17,722	\$354,688	\$380,681	\$157	\$619,539	\$41,759	\$661,298
2036	\$707,422	\$551,585	\$1,259,007	\$62,151	\$288,275	\$5,584	\$231,708	\$717,647	\$17,722	\$366,206	\$369,163	\$157	\$601,028	\$46,885	\$647,913
2037	\$671,591	\$633,719	\$1,305,310	\$59,558	\$274,079	\$5,298	\$219,819	\$717,647	\$17,722	\$378,814	\$356,555	\$157	\$576,531	\$53,866	\$630,397
2038	\$631,158	\$717,217	\$1,348,375	\$56,598	\$258,582	\$4,988	\$206,972	\$717,647	\$17,722	\$399,978	\$335,391	\$157	\$542,520	\$60,963	\$603,483
2039	\$598,036	\$817,860	\$1,415,896	\$54,349	\$247,013	\$4,758	\$197,422	\$717,647	\$17,722	\$411,383	\$323,986	\$157	\$521,565	\$69,518	\$591,083
2040	\$555,101	\$897,915	\$1,453,016	\$50,739	\$230,178	\$4,431	\$183,870	\$716,094	\$17,684	\$423,074	\$310,704	\$156	\$494,730	\$76,323	\$571,053
2041	\$456,989	\$1,014,214	\$1,471,203	\$41,881	\$189,339	\$3,641	\$151,099	\$716,763	\$17,701	\$435,056	\$299,408	\$155	\$450,662	\$86,208	\$536,870
2042	\$360,329	\$1,171,174	\$1,531,503	\$33,016	\$147,574	\$2,829	\$117,387	\$689,766	\$17,034	\$457,618	\$249,182	\$154	\$366,723	\$99,550	\$466,273
2043	\$302,258	\$1,303,405	\$1,605,663	\$27,717	\$121,872	\$2,325	\$96,480	\$689,766	\$17,034	\$472,333	\$234,467	\$153	\$331,100	\$110,789	\$441,889
2044	\$263,995	\$1,414,492	\$1,678,487	\$24,237	\$104,722	\$1,988	\$82,473	\$689,766	\$17,034	\$492,628	\$214,172	\$152	\$296,797	\$120,232	\$417,029
2045	\$231,454	\$1,515,058	\$1,746,512	\$21,273	\$89,845	\$1,693	\$70,265	\$689,766	\$17,034	\$506,399	\$200,401	\$151	\$270,817	\$128,780	\$399,597
2046	\$195,019	\$1,614,020	\$1,809,039	\$18,000	\$73,260	\$1,365	\$56,625	\$689,766	\$17,034	\$519,059	\$187,741	\$150	\$244,516	\$137,192	\$381,708
2047	\$186,384	\$1,716,854	\$1,903,238	\$17,218	\$69,291	\$1,286	\$53,359	\$689,766	\$17,034	\$532,035	\$174,765	\$148	\$228,272	\$145,933	\$374,205
2048	\$146,407	\$1,798,038	\$1,944,445	\$13,600	\$52,072	\$950	\$39,422	\$689,766	\$17,034	\$545,336	\$161,464	\$146	\$201,032	\$152,833	\$353,865
2049	\$120,794	\$1,912,759	\$2,033,553	\$11,209	\$41,488	\$748	\$31,027	\$689,766	\$17,034	\$558,969	\$147,831	\$144	\$179,002	\$162,585	\$341,587
2050	\$103,930	\$2,008,842	\$2,112,772	\$9,641	\$34,154	\$605	\$25,118	\$689,766	\$17,034	\$572,943	\$133,857	\$148	\$159,123	\$170,752	\$329,875
2051	\$97,750	\$2,108,675	\$2,206,425	\$9,066	\$31,503	\$554	\$22,991	\$689,766	\$17,034	\$587,267	\$119,533	\$146	\$142,670	\$179,237	\$321,907
2052	\$96,759	\$2,200,797	\$2,297,556	\$8,973	\$30,941	\$543	\$22,511	\$689,766	\$17,034	\$601,949	\$104,851	\$138	\$127,500	\$187,068	\$314,568
2053	\$71,780	\$2,292,400	\$2,364,180	\$6,685	\$22,979	\$402	\$16,696	\$689,766	\$17,034	\$616,998	\$89,802	\$135	\$106,633	\$194,854	\$301,487
2054	\$39,089	\$2,411,557	\$2,450,646	\$3,633	\$12,672	\$223	\$9,262	\$689,766	\$17,034	\$632,423	\$74,377	\$132	\$83,771	\$204,982	\$288,753
2055	\$26,552	\$2,516,413	\$2,542,965	\$2,468	\$8,660	\$153	\$6,345	\$689,766	\$17,034	\$648,234	\$58,566	\$135	\$65,046	\$213,895	\$278,941
2056	\$18,989	\$2,623,027	\$2,642,016	\$1,764	\$6,219	\$110	\$4,565	\$689,766	\$17,034	\$664,440	\$42,360	\$132	\$47,057	\$222,957	\$270,014
2057	\$14,553	\$2,727,031	\$2,741,584	\$1,352	\$4,770	\$84	\$3,502	\$689,766	\$17,034	\$681,051	\$25,749	\$129	\$29,380	\$231,798	\$261,178
2058	\$9,085	\$2,825,174	\$2,834,259	\$844	\$2,823	\$49	\$2,028	\$689,766	\$17,034	\$698,077	\$8,723	\$125	\$10,876	\$240,140	\$251,016
2059	\$7,036	\$2,924,886	\$2,931,922	\$653	\$2,186	\$38	\$1,571	\$689,766	\$17,034	\$715,529	-	\$121	\$1,692	\$248,615	\$250,307
2060	\$5,448	\$3,038,159	\$3,043,607	\$506	\$1,693	\$29	\$1,216	\$689,766	\$17,034	\$733,417	-	\$124	\$1,340	\$258,244	\$259,584
2061	\$4,218	\$3,142,874	\$3,147,092	\$392	\$1,311	\$23	\$942	\$689,766	\$17,034	\$751,752	-	\$120	\$1,062	\$267,144	\$268,206
2062	\$3,265	\$3,243,948	\$3,247,213	\$303	\$1,014	\$18	\$729	\$689,766	\$17,034	\$770,546	-	\$115	\$844	\$275,736	\$276,580
2063	-	\$3,345,788	\$3,345,788	-	-	-	-	\$689,766	\$17,034	\$548,786	\$158,014	\$110	\$110	\$284,392	\$284,502



Table 5 – Switch to Optional Funding Policy in 2030

	Numbe	r (BOY)					Assets								
Year End June 30	Active	Non- Active	MVA (BOY)	Benefit Payments	Expenses	Employer Contrib.	Employee Contrib.	Premium Tax Allocation	Investment Income	MVA (EOY)	AVA (EOY)	Actuarial Accrued Liability	Unfunded Liability	Projected Unfunded Liability	AVA Funded Ratio
2022	12	40	\$5,483,214	\$945,262	\$145	\$545,403	\$54,388	\$212,545	(796,593)	\$4,553,550	\$4,804,660	\$17,194,480	\$12,389,820	\$12,427,537	27.94%
2023	13	39	\$4,553,550	\$967,472	\$149	\$583,583	\$60,955	\$205,878	\$224,783	\$4,661,128	\$4,908,675	\$17,352,330	\$12,443,655	\$12,412,973	28.29%
2024	13	39	\$4,661,128	\$977,512	\$153	\$624,434	\$65,254	\$250,409	\$232,129	\$4,855,689	\$5,122,556	\$17,528,586	\$12,406,030	\$12,341,995	29.22%
2025	13	38	\$4,855,689	\$985,523	\$154	\$668,144	\$69,223	\$252,816	\$242,896	\$5,103,091	\$5,103,091	\$17,725,297	\$12,622,206	\$12,522,979	28.79%
2026	13	38	\$5,103,091	\$991,914	\$158	\$714,914	\$73,305	\$266,508	\$256,702	\$5,422,448	\$5,422,448	\$17,945,427	\$12,522,979	\$12,374,576	30.22%
2027	13	37	\$5,422,448	\$999,803	\$159	\$764,958	\$77,287	\$274,524	\$274,007	\$5,813,262	\$5,813,262	\$18,187,838	\$12,374,576	\$12,170,891	31.96%
2028	13	36	\$5,813,262	\$1,003,524	\$160	\$818,505	\$81,315	\$282,741	\$295,080	\$6,287,219	\$6,287,219	\$18,458,110	\$12,170,891	\$11,905,685	34.06%
2029	13	36	\$6,287,219	\$1,008,381	\$164	\$875,800	\$85,513	\$291,163	\$320,385	\$6,851,535	\$6,851,535	\$18,757,220	\$11,905,685	\$11,559,352	36.53%
2030	12	35	\$6,851,535	\$1,012,305	\$161	\$931,850	\$85,518	\$301,869	\$350,152	\$7,508,458	\$7,508,458	\$19,067,810	\$11,559,352	\$11,195,702	39.38%
2031	12	35	\$7,508,458	\$1,015,409	\$165	\$921,499	\$85,172	\$311,515	\$382,896	\$8,193,966	\$8,193,966	\$19,389,668	\$11,195,702	\$10,813,870	42.26%
2032	11	34	\$8,193,966	\$1,016,935	\$162	\$910,559	\$85,095	\$322,767	\$417,140	\$8,912,430	\$8,912,430	\$19,726,300	\$10,813,870	\$10,412,946	45.18%
2033	11	34	\$8,912,430	\$1,025,086	\$166	\$898,792	\$84,532	\$332,199	\$452,790	\$9,655,491	\$9,655,491	\$20,068,437	\$10,412,946	\$9,991,977	48.11%
2034	10	33	\$9,655,491	\$1,047,616	\$163	\$886,152	\$84,395	\$342,859	\$489,334	\$10,410,452	\$10,410,452	\$20,402,429	\$9,991,977	\$9,549,959	51.03%
2035	10	33	\$10,410,452	\$1,062,305	\$167	\$878,934	\$85,952	\$354,688	\$526,872	\$11,194,426	\$11,194,426	\$20,744,385	\$9,549,959	\$9,085,839	53.96%
2036	10	32	\$11,194,426	\$1,090,935	\$167	\$867,938	\$86,379	\$366,206	\$565,387	\$11,989,234	\$11,989,234	\$21,075,073	\$9,085,839	\$8,598,514	56.89%
2037	9	32	\$11,989,234	\$1,121,652	\$167	\$857,942	\$87,519	\$378,814	\$604,461	\$12,796,151	\$12,796,151	\$21,394,665	\$8,598,514	\$8,086,822	59.81%
2038	9	32	\$12,796,151	\$1,158,267	\$171	\$839,184	\$88,487	\$399,978	\$643,986	\$13,609,348	\$13,609,348	\$21,696,170	\$8,086,822	\$7,549,546	62.73%
2039	9	30	\$13,609,348	\$1,185,054	\$167	\$833,656	\$90,343	\$411,383	\$684,176	\$14,443,685	\$14,443,685	\$21,993,231	\$7,549,546	\$6,985,406	65.67%
2040	8	31	\$14,443,685	\$1,220,273	\$171	\$808,192	\$86,587	\$423,074	\$724,590	\$15,265,684	\$15,265,684	\$22,251,090	\$6,985,406	\$6,393,059	68.61%
2041	7	30	\$15,265,684	\$1,287,942	\$166	\$776,271	\$81,150	\$435,056	\$763,392	\$16,033,445	\$16,033,445	\$22,426,504	\$6,393,059	\$5,771,095	71.49%
2042	7	31	\$16,033,445	\$1,345,092	\$175	\$746,755	\$79,605	\$457,618	\$800,159	\$16,772,315	\$16,772,315	\$22,543,410	\$5,771,095	\$5,118,033	74.40%
2043	6	30	\$16,772,315	\$1,373,565	\$170	\$719,669	\$76,636	\$472,333	\$836,020	\$17,503,238	\$17,503,238	\$22,621,271	\$5,118,033	\$4,432,318	77.38%
2044	6	29	\$17,503,238	\$1,392,539	\$169	\$685,488	\$73,213	\$492,628	\$871,671	\$18,233,530	\$18,233,530	\$22,665,848	\$4,432,318	\$3,712,317	80.44%
2045	5	29	\$18,233,530	\$1,411,158	\$168	\$655,984	\$69,202	\$506,399	\$907,238	\$18,961,027	\$18,961,027	\$22,673,344	\$3,712,317	\$2,956,316	83.63%
2046	5	27	\$18,961,027	\$1,433,550	\$162	\$627,550	\$65,058	\$519,059	\$942,568	\$19,681,550	\$19,681,550	\$22,637,866	\$2,956,316	\$2,162,516	86.94%
2047	4	28	\$19,681,550	\$1,437,641	\$166	\$580,927	\$55,702	\$532,035	\$977,431	\$20,389,838	\$20,389,838	\$22,552,354	\$2,162,516	\$1,329,024	90.41%
2048	3	26	\$20,389,838	\$1,471,861	\$154	\$521,569	\$43,081	\$545,336	\$1,010,552	\$21,038,361	\$21,038,361	\$22,367,385	\$1,329,024	\$453,858	94.06%
2049	2	27	\$21,038,361	\$1,495,842	\$158	\$481,438	\$36,050	\$558,969	\$1,041,557	\$21,660,375	\$21,660,375	\$22,114,233	\$453,858	-	97.95%
2050	2	25	\$21,660,375	\$1,511,146	\$151	\$103,269	\$31,312	\$465,066	\$1,060,505	\$21,809,230	\$21,809,230	\$21,809,230	-	-	100.00%
2051	2	25	\$21,809,230	\$1,512,232	\$155	\$88,472	\$27,571	-	\$1,055,979	\$21,468,865	\$21,468,865	\$21,468,865	-	-	100.00%
2052	1	25	\$21,468,865	\$1,510,432	\$153	\$71,867	\$23,438	-	\$1,038,493	\$21,092,078	\$21,092,078	\$21,092,078	-	-	100.00%
2053	1	24	\$21,092,078	\$1,533,814	\$151	\$66,555	\$21,927	-	\$1,018,908	\$20,665,503	\$20,665,503	\$20,665,503	-	-	100.00%
2054	1	23	\$20,665,503	\$1,549,596	\$149	\$50,245	\$17,563	-	\$996,679	\$20,180,245	\$20,180,245	\$20,180,245	-	-	100.00%
2055	1	22	\$20,180,245	\$1,549,291	\$146	\$39,339	\$14,363	-	\$972,074	\$19,656,584	\$19,656,584	\$19,656,584	-	-	100.00%
2056	1	22	\$19,656,584	\$1,544,788	\$150	\$31,925	\$12,354	-	\$945,770	\$19,101,695	\$19,101,695	\$19,101,695	-	-	100.00%
2057	1	21	\$19,101,695	\$1,537,971	\$147	\$29,057	\$11,544	-	\$918,104	\$18,522,282	\$18,522,282	\$18,522,282	-	-	100.00%
2058	0	20	\$18,522,282	\$1,533,011	\$137	\$28,228	\$11,343	-	\$889,230	\$17,917,935	\$17,917,935	\$17,917,935	-	-	100.00%
2059	0	19	\$17,917,935	\$1,531,635	\$133	\$20,974	\$8,495	-	\$858,797	\$17,274,433	\$17,274,433	\$17,274,433	-	-	100.00%
2060	0	19	\$17,274,433	\$1,524,288	\$136	\$11,649	\$4,623	-	\$826,478	\$16,592,759	\$16,592,759	\$16,592,759	-	-	100.00%
2061	0	18	\$16,592,759	\$1,512,060	\$132	\$7,972	\$3,129	-	\$792,569	\$15,884,237	\$15,884,237	\$15,884,237	-	-	100.00%
2062	0	18	\$15,884,237	\$1,504,510	\$135	\$5,728	\$2,222	-	\$757,250	\$15,144,792	\$15,144,792	\$15,144,792	-	-	100.00%
2063	0	17	\$15,144,792	\$1,502,932	\$131	\$4,388	\$1,691	-	\$720,271	\$14,368,079	\$14,368,079	\$14,368,079	-	-	100.00%



Table 5 – Switch to Optional Funding Policy in 2030 (Cont.)

				Employer Contributions									Contribution Comparison					
Year End June 30	Closed Group Payroll	New Entrant Payroll	Total Payroll	Employee Contrib.	Gross Normal Cost	Interest on Net Normal Cost	Net Employer Normal Cost	Amortizatio n of UAAL	Mid-Year Interest on Amortization	Premium Tax Allocation	Net Employer Amortization	Expenses	Opt. Employer Contrib.	Statewide Employer Contrib.	Total Contrib. if Switch	Alt. Employer Contrib.	Final Employer Contrib. ⁴	
2024	\$720,360	-	\$720,360	\$63,681	\$295,515	\$5,725	\$237,559	\$815,654	\$20,143	\$250,409	\$585,388	\$153	\$823,100	-	\$823,100	\$624,434	\$624,434	
2025	\$762,875	-	\$762,875	\$67,555	\$314,421	\$6,096	\$252,962	\$830,405	\$20,507	\$252,816	\$598,096	\$154	\$851,212	-	\$851,212	\$668,144	\$668,144	
2026	\$806,575	-	\$806,575	\$71,538	\$333,595	\$6,472	\$268,529	\$842,716	\$20,811	\$266,508	\$597,019	\$158	\$865,706	-	\$865,706	\$714,914	\$714,914	
2027	\$849,190	-	\$849,190	\$75,424	\$352,031	\$6,831	\$283,438	\$874,035	\$21,584	\$274,524	\$621,095	\$159	\$904,692	-	\$904,692	\$764,958	\$764,958	
2028	\$892,300	-	\$892,300	\$79,355	\$370,654	\$7,194	\$298,493	\$884,267	\$21,837	\$282,741	\$623,363	\$160	\$922,016	-	\$922,016	\$818,505	\$818,505	
2029	\$937,195	-	\$937,195	\$83,452	\$389,988	\$7,570	\$314,106	\$892,041	\$22,029	\$291,163	\$622,907	\$164	\$937,177	-	\$937,177	\$875,800	\$875,800	
2030	\$938,372	\$45,198	\$983,570	\$83,457	\$390,508	\$7,583	\$314,634	\$896,778	\$22,146	\$301,869	\$617,055	\$161	\$931,850	\$3,842	\$935,692	\$937,106	\$935,692	
2031	\$935,891	\$95,763	\$1,031,654	\$83,119	\$389,478	\$7,566	\$313,925	\$896,778	\$22,146	\$311,515	\$607,409	\$165	\$921,499	\$8,140	\$929,639	\$1,002,703	\$929,639	
2032	\$936,299	\$144,754	\$1,081,053	\$83,044	\$389,711	\$7,573	\$314,240	\$896,778	\$22,146	\$322,767	\$596,157	\$162	\$910,559	\$12,304	\$922,863	\$1,072,892	\$922,863	
2033	\$931,312	\$185,665	\$1,116,977	\$82,495	\$386,879	\$7,517	\$311,901	\$896,778	\$22,146	\$332,199	\$586,725	\$166	\$898,792	\$15,782	\$914,574	\$1,147,994	\$914,574	
2034	\$930,936	\$226,476	\$1,157,412	\$82,361	\$384,816	\$7,469	\$309,924	\$896,778	\$22,146	\$342,859	\$576,065	\$163	\$886,152	\$19,250	\$905,402	\$1,228,354	\$905,402	
2035	\$948,741	\$271,187	\$1,219,928	\$83,881	\$390,832	\$7,580	\$314,531	\$896,778	\$22,146	\$354,688	\$564,236	\$167	\$878,934	\$23,051	\$901,985	\$1,314,339	\$901,985	
2036	\$949,165	\$309,842	\$1,259,007	\$84,297	\$391,757	\$7,593	\$315,053	\$896,778	\$22,146	\$366,206	\$552,718	\$167	\$867,938	\$26,337	\$894,275	\$1,406,343	\$894,275	
2037	\$955,872	\$349,438	\$1,305,310	\$85,410	\$395,419	\$7,656	\$317,665	\$896,778	\$22,146	\$378,814	\$540,110	\$167	\$857,942	\$29,702	\$887,644	\$1,504,787	\$887,644	
2038	\$960,605	\$387,770	\$1,348,375	\$86,354	\$398,707	\$7,714	\$320,067	\$896,778	\$22,146	\$399,978	\$518,946	\$171	\$839,184	\$32,960	\$872,144	\$1,610,122	\$872,144	
2039	\$975,436	\$440,460	\$1,415,896	\$88,166	\$406,259	\$7,855	\$325,948	\$896,778	\$22,146	\$411,383	\$507,541	\$167	\$833,656	\$37,439	\$871,095	\$1,722,831	\$871,095	
2040	\$935,526	\$517,490	\$1,453,016	\$84,500	\$389,148	\$7,523	\$312,171	\$896,778	\$22,146	\$423,074	\$495,850	\$171	\$808,192	\$43,987	\$852,179	\$1,843,429	\$852,179	
2041	\$878,722	\$592,481	\$1,471,203	\$79,194	\$364,388	\$7,043	\$292,237	\$896,778	\$22,146	\$435,056	\$483,868	\$166	\$776,271	\$50,361	\$826,632	\$1,972,469	\$826,632	
2042	\$860,534	\$670,969	\$1,531,503	\$77,687	\$356,086	\$6,875	\$285,274	\$896,778	\$22,146	\$457,618	\$461,306	\$175	\$746,755	\$57,032	\$803,787	\$786,197	\$803,787	
2043	\$826,125	\$779,538	\$1,605,663	\$74,789	\$341,120	\$6,577	\$272,908	\$896,778	\$22,146	\$472,333	\$446,591	\$170	\$719,669	\$66,261	\$785,930	\$541,768	\$785,930	
2044	\$785,679	\$892,808	\$1,678,487	\$71,449	\$324,230	\$6,242	\$259,023	\$896,778	\$22,146	\$492,628	\$426,296	\$169	\$685,488	\$75,889	\$761,377	\$565,761	\$761,377	
2045	\$737,679	\$1,008,833	\$1,746,512	\$67,534	\$304,962	\$5,863	\$243,291	\$896,778	\$22,146	\$506,399	\$412,525	\$168	\$655,984	\$85,751	\$741,735	\$587,640	\$741,735	
2046	\$691,114	\$1,117,925	\$1,809,039	\$63,490	\$285,530	\$5,483	\$227,523	\$896,778	\$22,146	\$519,059	\$399,865	\$162	\$627,550	\$95,024	\$722,574	\$607,335	\$722,574	
2047	\$591,189	\$1,312,049	\$1,903,238	\$54,360	\$243,560	\$4,672	\$193,872	\$896,778	\$22,146	\$532,035	\$386,889	\$166	\$580,927	\$111,524	\$692,451	\$638,596	\$692,451	
2048	\$457,485	\$1,486,960	\$1,944,445	\$42,043	\$186,307	\$3,563	\$147,827	\$896,778	\$22,146	\$545,336	\$373,588	\$154	\$521,569	\$126,392	\$647,961	\$651,560	\$647,961	
2049	\$382,806	\$1,650,747	\$2,033,553	\$35,181	\$153,582	\$2,924	\$121,325	\$896,778	\$22,146	\$558,969	\$359,955	\$158	\$481,438	\$140,313	\$621,751	\$681,307	\$621,751	
2050	\$332,300	\$1,780,472	\$2,112,772	\$30,557	\$131,190	\$2,485	\$103,118	\$453,858	\$11,208	\$572,943	-	\$151	\$103,269	\$151,340	\$254,609	\$707,431	\$254,609	
2051	\$292,403	\$1,914,022	\$2,206,425	\$26,907	\$113,095	\$2,128	\$88,316	-	-	-	-	\$155	\$88,472	\$162,692	\$251,164	\$738,663	\$251,164	
2052	\$247,682	\$2,049,874	\$2,297,556	\$22,873	\$92,859	\$1,728	\$71,714	-	-	-	-	\$153	\$71,867	\$174,239	\$246,106	\$769,221	\$246,106	
2053	\$231,524	\$2,132,656	\$2,364,180	\$21,399	\$86,203	\$1,600	\$66,404	-	-	-	-	\$151	\$66,555	\$181,276	\$247,831	\$794,643	\$247,831	
2054	\$184,521	\$2,266,125	\$2,450,646	\$17,140	\$66,029	\$1,207	\$50,096	-	-	-	-	\$149	\$50,245	\$192,621	\$242,866	\$827,600	\$242,866	
2055	\$151,053	\$2,391,912	\$2,542,965	\$14,017	\$52,264	\$945	\$39,192	-	-	-	-	\$146	\$39,339	\$203,313	\$242,652	\$860,020	\$242,652	
2056	\$129,964	\$2,512,052	\$2,642,016	\$12,056	\$43,065	\$766	\$31,775	-	-	-	-	\$150	\$31,925	\$213,524	\$245,449	\$894,059	\$245,449	
2057	\$121,459	\$2,620,125	\$2,741,584	\$11,266	\$39,480	\$697	\$28,911	-	-	-	-	\$147	\$29,057	\$222,711	\$251,768	\$927,895	\$251,768	
2058	\$119,362	\$2,714,897	\$2,834,259	\$11,070	\$38,484	\$677	\$28,091	-	-	-	-	\$137	\$28,228	\$230,766	\$258,994	\$958,914	\$258,994	
2059	\$89,017	\$2,842,905	\$2,931,922	\$8,290	\$28,629	\$502	\$20,841	-	-	-	-	\$133	\$20,974	\$241,647	\$262,621	\$991,277	\$262,621	
2060	\$48,547	\$2,995,060	\$3,043,607	\$4,512	\$15,747	\$277	\$11,512	-	-	-	-	\$136	\$11,649	\$254,580	\$266,229	\$1,028,548	\$266,229	
2061	\$32,860	\$3,114,232	\$3,147,092	\$3,054	\$10,705	\$189	\$7,840	-	-	-	-	\$132	\$7,972	\$264,710	\$272,682	\$1,062,727	\$272,682	
2062	\$23,339	\$3,223,874	\$3,247,213	\$2,168	\$7,626	\$135	\$5,593	-	-	-	-	\$135	\$5,728	\$274,029	\$279,757	\$1,095,490	\$279,757	
2063	\$17,760	\$3,328,028	\$3,345,788	\$1,650	\$5,804	\$103	\$4,257	-	-	-	-	\$131	\$4,388	\$282,882	\$287,270	\$1,127,925	\$287,270	

⁴ After the first occurrence of the *Total Contrib. if Switch* being smaller than the *Alt. Employer Contrib.*, this column shows the *Total Contrib. if Switch* in all subsequent years. *City of Bluefield Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund*



Table 6 – Switch to Optional II Funding Policy in 2026

	Numbe	r (BOY)					Assets								
Year End June 30	Active	Non- Active	MVA (BOY)	Benefit Payments	Expenses	Employer Contrib.	Employee Contrib.	Premium Tax Allocation	Investment Income	MVA (EOY)	AVA (EOY)	Actuarial Accrued Liability	Unfunded Liability	Projected Unfunded Liability	AVA Funded Ratio
2022	12	40	\$5,483,214	\$945,262	\$145	\$545,403	\$54,388	\$212,545	(796,593)	\$4,553,550	\$4,804,660	\$17,194,480	\$12,389,820	\$12,427,537	27.94%
2023	13	39	\$4,553,550	\$967,472	\$149	\$583,583	\$60,955	\$205,878	\$224,783	\$4,661,128	\$4,908,675	\$17,352,330	\$12,443,655	\$12,412,973	28.29%
2024	13	39	\$4,661,128	\$977,512	\$153	\$624,434	\$65,254	\$250,409	\$232,129	\$4,855,689	\$5,122,556	\$17,528,586	\$12,406,030	\$12,341,995	29.22%
2025	13	38	\$4,855,689	\$985,523	\$154	\$668,144	\$69,223	\$252,816	\$242,896	\$5,103,091	\$5,103,091	\$17,725,297	\$12,622,206	\$12,521,630	28.79%
2026	12	38	\$5,103,091	\$991,775	\$155	\$703,580	\$69,769	\$266,508	\$256,338	\$5,407,356	\$5,407,356	\$17,945,427	\$12,538,071	\$12,404,943	30.13%
2027	12	37	\$5,407,356	\$999,367	\$156	\$723,892	\$69,773	\$274,524	\$272,064	\$5,748,086	\$5,748,086	\$18,187,838	\$12,439,752	\$12,300,665	31.60%
2028	11	36	\$5,748,086	\$1,002,610	\$153	\$717,872	\$69,928	\$282,741	\$289,078	\$6,104,942	\$6,104,942	\$18,458,110	\$12,353,168	\$12,207,519	33.07%
2029	11	36	\$6,104,942	\$1,006,840	\$157	\$714,808	\$70,671	\$291,163	\$306,967	\$6,481,554	\$6,481,554	\$18,757,220	\$12,275,666	\$12,122,739	34.55%
2030	10	35	\$6,481,554	\$1,010,137	\$154	\$710,937	\$71,517	\$301,869	\$325,906	\$6,881,492	\$6,881,492	\$19,004,231	\$12,122,739	\$11,957,693	36.21%
2031	10	35	\$6,881,492	\$1,012,786	\$158	\$709,672	\$72,501	\$311,515	\$346,069	\$7,308,305	\$7,308,305	\$19,265,998	\$11,957,693	\$11,784,394	37.93%
2032	10	34	\$7,308,305	\$1,013,846	\$158	\$702,928	\$73,618	\$322,767	\$367,522	\$7,761,136	\$7,761,136	\$19,545,530	\$11,784,394	\$11,602,430	39.71%
2033	9	34	\$7,761,136	\$1,021,430	\$158	\$694,000	\$73,830	\$332,199	\$389,994	\$8,229,571	\$8,229,571	\$19,832,001	\$11,602,430	\$11,411,368	41.50%
2034	9	33	\$8,229,571	\$1,043,220	\$158	\$683,989	\$74,374	\$342,859	\$412,907	\$8,700,322	\$8,700,322	\$20,111,690	\$11,411,368	\$11,210,753	43.26%
2035	9	32	\$8,700,322	\$1,057,310	\$158	\$675,948	\$75,742	\$354,688	\$436,224	\$9,185,456	\$9,185,456	\$20,396,209	\$11,210,753	\$11,000,108	45.04%
2036	8	32	\$9,185,456	\$1,085,282	\$158	\$653,831	\$73,209	\$366,206	\$459,466	\$9,652,728	\$9,652,728	\$20,652,836	\$11,000,108	\$10,778,930	46.74%
2037	7	32	\$9,652,728	\$1,115,079	\$158	\$630,165	\$70,638	\$378,814	\$481,757	\$10,098,865	\$10,098,865	\$20,877,795	\$10,778,930	\$10,546,693	48.37%
2038	7	32	\$10,098,865	\$1,150,800	\$162	\$602,039	\$69,199	\$399,978	\$502,974	\$10,522,093	\$10,522,093	\$21,068,786	\$10,546,693	\$10,302,845	49.94%
2039	6	31	\$10,522,093	\$1,176,433	\$158	\$581,580	\$67,149	\$411,383	\$523,228	\$10,928,842	\$10,928,842	\$21,231,687	\$10,302,845	\$10,046,804	51.47%
2040	6	30	\$10,928,842	\$1,210,531	\$158	\$554,390	\$63,129	\$423,074	\$542,242	\$11,300,988	\$11,300,988	\$21,347,792	\$10,046,804	\$9,777,961	52.94%
2041	5	30	\$11,300,988	\$1,276,877	\$157	\$523,756	\$58,146	\$435,056	\$558,627	\$11,599,539	\$11,599,539	\$21,377,500	\$9,777,961	\$9,524,023	54.26%
2042	5	30	\$11,599,539	\$1,332,725	\$161	\$461,301	\$54,948	\$457,618	\$571,111	\$11,811,631	\$11,811,631	\$21,335,654	\$9,524,023	\$9,257,386	55.36%
2043	4	30	\$11,811,631	\$1,360,447	\$160	\$417,236	\$46,910	\$472,333	\$580,108	\$11,967,611	\$11,967,611	\$21,224,997	\$9,257,386	\$8,977,419	56.38%
2044	3	29	\$11,967,611	\$1,378,121	\$154	\$360,820	\$37,125	\$492,628	\$586,337	\$12,066,246	\$12,066,246	\$21,043,665	\$8,977,419	\$8,683,454	57.34%
2045	2	29	\$12,066,246	\$1,394,953	\$153	\$323,335	\$30,923	\$506,399	\$590,114	\$12,121,911	\$12,121,911	\$20,805,365	\$8,683,454	\$8,374,789	58.26%
2046	2	27	\$12,121,911	\$1,412,577	\$147	\$294,552	\$26,796	\$519,059	\$591,962	\$12,141,556	\$12,141,556	\$20,516,345	\$8,374,789	\$8,050,692	59.18%
2047	2	27	\$12,141,556	\$1,406,515	\$151	\$269,403	\$23,774	\$532,035	\$592,719	\$12,152,821	\$12,152,821	\$20,203,513	\$8,050,692	\$7,710,390	60.15%
2048	1	27	\$12,152,821	\$1,427,990	\$149	\$240,491	\$19,838	\$545,336	\$592,269	\$12,122,616	\$12,122,616	\$19,833,006	\$7,710,390	\$7,353,072	61.12%
2049	1	26	\$12,122,616	\$1,437,165	\$147	\$223,037	\$18,860	\$558,969	\$590,414	\$12,076,584	\$12,076,584	\$19,429,656	\$7,353,072	\$6,977,889	62.16%
2050	1	25	\$12,076,584	\$1,434,919	\$145	\$194,938	\$15,141	\$572,943	\$587,727	\$12,012,269	\$12,012,269	\$18,990,158	\$6,977,889	\$6,583,947	63.26%
2051	1	24	\$12,012,269	\$1,419,596	\$143	\$171,448	\$12,461	\$587,267	\$584,597	\$11,948,303	\$11,948,303	\$18,532,250	\$6,583,947	\$6,170,309	64.47%
2052	1	24	\$11,948,303	\$1,402,744	\$147	\$150,444	\$10,743	\$601,949	\$581,616	\$11,890,164	\$11,890,164	\$18,060,473	\$6,170,309	\$5,735,988	65.84%
2053	1	23	\$11,890,164	\$1,411,036	\$145	\$132,823	\$9,956	\$616,998	\$578,422	\$11,817,182	\$11,817,182	\$17,553,170	\$5,735,988	\$5,279,951	67.32%
2054	0	22	\$11,817,182	\$1,412,787	\$136	\$116,888	\$9,807	\$632,423	\$574,713	\$11,738,090	\$11,738,090	\$17,018,041	\$5,279,951	\$4,801,111	68.97%
2055	0	21	\$11,738,090	\$1,405,145	\$133	\$94,916	\$7,368	\$648,234	\$570,735	\$11,654,065	\$11,654,065	\$16,455,176	\$4,801,111	\$4,298,330	70.82%
2056	0	20	\$11,654,065	\$1,391,813	\$130	\$70,632	\$4,014	\$664,440	\$566,581	\$11,567,789	\$11,567,789	\$15,866,119	\$4,298,330	\$3,770,410	72.91%
2057	0	20	\$11,567,789	\$1,370,267	\$133	\$50,862	\$2,727	\$681,051	\$562,689	\$11,494,718	\$11,494,718	\$15,265,128	\$3,770,410	\$3,216,094	75.30%
2058	0	19	\$11,494,718	\$1,352,496	\$130	\$31,884	\$1,939	\$698,077	\$559,407	\$11,433,399	\$11,433,399	\$14,649,493	\$3,216,094	\$2,634,063	78.05%
2059	0	18	\$11,433,399	\$1,334,676	\$126	\$13,272	\$1,482	\$715,529	\$556,741	\$11,385,621	\$11,385,621	\$14,019,684	\$2,634,063	\$2,014,238	81.21%
2060	0	18	\$11,385,621	\$1,307,891	\$129	\$2,304	\$928	\$733,417	\$555,171	\$11,369,421	\$11,369,421	\$13,383,659	\$2,014,238	\$1,344,633	84.95%
2061	0	16	\$11,369,421	\$1,277,503	\$118	\$1,802	\$718	\$751,752	\$555,547	\$11,401,619	\$11,401,619	\$12,746,252	\$1,344,633	\$622,290	89.45%
2062	0	16	\$11,401,619	\$1,254,727	\$121	\$1,416	\$553	\$770,546	\$558,170	\$11,477,456	\$11,477,456	\$12,099,746	\$622,290	-	94.86%
2063	0	16	\$11,477,456	\$1,235,993	\$124	\$1,123	\$427	\$637,658	\$559,132	\$11,439,679	\$11,439,679	\$11,439,679	-	-	100.00%



Table 6 – Switch to Optional II Funding Policy in 2026 (Cont.)

							Emp	oloyer Contribut	ions					Contribution	n Comparison		
Year End June 30	Closed Group Payroll	New Entrant Payroll	Total Payroll	Employee Contrib.	Gross Normal Cost	Interest on Net Normal Cost	Net Employer Normal Cost	Amortization of UAAL	Mid-Year Interest on Amortization	Premium Tax Allocation	Net Employer Amortization	Expenses	Opt. Employer Contrib.	Statewide Employer Contrib.	Total Contrib. if Switch	Alt. Employer Contrib.	Final Employer Contrib. ⁵
2024	\$720,360	-	\$720,360	\$63,681	\$295,515	\$5,725	\$237,559	\$689,766	\$17,034	\$250,409	\$456,391	\$153	\$694,103	-	\$694,103	\$624,434	\$624,434
2025	\$762,875	-	\$762,875	\$67,555	\$314,421	\$6,096	\$252,962	\$694,708	\$17,156	\$252,816	\$459,048	\$154	\$712,164	-	\$712,164	\$668,144	\$668,144
2026	\$769,510	\$37,065	\$806,575	\$68,088	\$317,802	\$6,167	\$255,881	\$696,843	\$17,209	\$266,508	\$447,544	\$155	\$703,580	\$3,151	\$706,731	\$714,914	\$706,731
2027	\$770,364	\$78,826	\$849,190	\$68,091	\$318,453	\$6,183	\$256,545	\$723,840	\$17,875	\$274,524	\$467,191	\$156	\$723,892	\$6,700	\$730,592	\$764,958	\$730,592
2028	\$772,820	\$119,480	\$892,300	\$68,243	\$319,759	\$6,211	\$257,727	\$724,833	\$17,900	\$282,741	\$459,992	\$153	\$717,872	\$10,156	\$728,028	\$818,505	\$728,028
2029	\$781,414	\$155,781	\$937,195	\$68,968	\$323,583	\$6,288	\$260,903	\$726,959	\$17,952	\$291,163	\$453,748	\$157	\$714,808	\$13,241	\$728,049	\$875,800	\$728,049
2030	\$791,111	\$192,459	\$983,570	\$69,793	\$327,840	\$6,372	\$264,419	\$730,201	\$18,032	\$301,869	\$446,364	\$154	\$710,937	\$16,359	\$727,296	\$937,106	\$727,296
2031	\$802,320	\$229,334	\$1,031,654	\$70,754	\$332,716	\$6,469	\$268,431	\$734,460	\$18,138	\$311,515	\$441,083	\$158	\$709,672	\$19,493	\$729,165	\$1,002,703	\$729,165
2032	\$815,005	\$266,048	\$1,081,053	\$71,844	\$338,205	\$6,578	\$272,939	\$734,460	\$18,138	\$322,767	\$429,831	\$158	\$702,928	\$22,614	\$725,542	\$1,072,892	\$725,542
2033	\$817,957	\$299,020	\$1,116,977	\$72,051	\$338,904	\$6,590	\$273,443	\$734,460	\$18,138	\$332,199	\$420,399	\$158	\$694,000	\$25,417	\$719,417	\$1,147,994	\$719,417
2034	\$824,559	\$332,853	\$1,157,412	\$72,582	\$340,068	\$6,606	\$274,092	\$734,460	\$18,138	\$342,859	\$409,739	\$158	\$683,989	\$28,293	\$712,282	\$1,228,354	\$712,282
2035	\$840,430	\$379,498	\$1,219,928	\$73,917	\$345,100	\$6,697	\$277,880	\$734,460	\$18,138	\$354,688	\$397,910	\$158	\$675,948	\$32,257	\$708,205	\$1,314,339	\$708,205
2036	\$810,613	\$448,394	\$1,259,007	\$71,445	\$332,285	\$6,441	\$267,281	\$734,460	\$18,138	\$366,206	\$386,392	\$158	\$653,831	\$38,113	\$691,944	\$1,406,343	\$691,944
2037	\$779,637	\$525,673	\$1,305,310	\$68,936	\$318,984	\$6,175	\$256,223	\$734,460	\$18,138	\$378,814	\$373,784	\$158	\$630,165	\$44,682	\$674,847	\$1,504,787	\$674,847
2038	\$757,637	\$590,738	\$1,348,375	\$67,531	\$310,781	\$6,007	\$249,257	\$734,460	\$18,138	\$399,978	\$352,620	\$162	\$602,039	\$50,213	\$652,252	\$1,610,122	\$652,252
2039	\$728,488	\$687,408	\$1,415,896	\$65,531	\$299,949	\$5,789	\$240,207	\$734,460	\$18,138	\$411,383	\$341,215	\$158	\$581,580	\$58,430	\$640,010	\$1,722,831	\$640,010
2040	\$680,139	\$772,877	\$1,453,016	\$61,608	\$280,901	\$5,415	\$224,708	\$734,460	\$18,138	\$423,074	\$329,524	\$158	\$554,390	\$65,695	\$620,085	\$1,843,429	\$620,085
2041	\$621,396	\$849,807	\$1,471,203	\$56,745	\$257,836	\$4,966	\$206,057	\$734,460	\$18,138	\$435,056	\$317,542	\$157	\$523,756	\$72,234	\$595,990	\$1,972,469	\$595,990
2042	\$585,086	\$946,417	\$1,531,503	\$53,624	\$242,777	\$4,671	\$193,824	\$707,463	\$17,471	\$457,618	\$267,316	\$161	\$461,301	\$80,445	\$541,746	\$786,197	\$541,746
2043	\$498,755	\$1,106,908	\$1,605,663	\$45,779	\$206,289	\$3,964	\$164,474	\$707,464	\$17,471	\$472,333	\$252,602	\$160	\$417,236	\$94,087	\$511,323	\$541,768	\$511,323
2044	\$394,911	\$1,283,576	\$1,678,487	\$36,230	\$161,497	\$3,093	\$128,360	\$707,463	\$17,471	\$492,628	\$232,306	\$154	\$360,820	\$109,104	\$469,924	\$565,761	\$469,924
2045	\$328,772	\$1,417,740	\$1,746,512	\$30,178	\$132,303	\$2,522	\$104,647	\$707,463	\$17,471	\$506,399	\$218,535	\$153	\$323,335	\$120,508	\$443,843	\$587,640	\$443,843
2046	\$284,528	\$1,524,511	\$1,809,039	\$26,150	\$112,545	\$2,134	\$88,529	\$707,464	\$17,471	\$519,059	\$205,876	\$147	\$294,552	\$129,583	\$424,135	\$607,335	\$424,135
2047	\$252,224	\$1,651,014	\$1,903,238	\$23,201	\$97,714	\$1,840	\$76,353	\$707,463	\$17,471	\$532,035	\$192,899	\$151	\$269,403	\$140,336	\$409,739	\$638,596	\$409,739
2048	\$209,616	\$1,734,829	\$1,944,445	\$19,360	\$78,640	\$1,464	\$60,744	\$707,463	\$17,471	\$545,336	\$179,598	\$149	\$240,491	\$147,460	\$387,951	\$651,560	\$387,951
2049	\$199,146	\$1,834,407	\$2,033,553	\$18,405	\$73,958	\$1,372	\$56,925	\$707,463	\$17,471	\$558,969	\$165,965	\$147	\$223,037	\$155,925	\$378,962	\$681,307	\$378,962
2050	\$159,081	\$1,953,691	\$2,112,772	\$14,776	\$56,546	\$1,032	\$42,802	\$707,463	\$17,471	\$572,943	\$151,991	\$145	\$194,938	\$166,064	\$361,002	\$707,431	\$361,002
2051	\$131,063	\$2,075,362	\$2,206,425	\$12,161	\$44,988	\$811	\$33,638	\$707,463	\$17,471	\$587,267	\$137,667	\$143	\$171,448	\$176,406	\$347,854	\$738,663	\$347,854
2052	\$113,020	\$2,184,536	\$2,297,556	\$10,484	\$37,138	\$658	\$27,312	\$707,463	\$17,471	\$601,949	\$122,985	\$147	\$150,444	\$185,686	\$336,130	\$769,221	\$336,130
2053	\$104,739	\$2,259,441	\$2,364,180	\$9,716	\$33,862	\$596	\$24,742	\$707,463	\$17,471	\$616,998	\$107,936	\$145	\$132,823	\$192,052	\$324,875	\$794,643	\$324,875
2054	\$103,206	\$2,347,440	\$2,450,646	\$9,571	\$33,227	\$584	\$24,240	\$707,464	\$17,471	\$632,423	\$92,512	\$136	\$116,888	\$199,532	\$316,420	\$827,600	\$316,420
2055	\$77,208	\$2,465,757	\$2,542,965	\$7,190	\$24,836	\$436	\$18,082	\$707,464	\$17,471	\$648,234	\$76,701	\$133	\$94,916	\$209,589	\$304,505	\$860,020	\$304,505
2056	\$42,141	\$2,599,875	\$2,642,016	\$3,917	\$13,684	\$241	\$10,008	\$707,463	\$17,471	\$664,440	\$60,494	\$130	\$70,632	\$220,989	\$291,621	\$894,059	\$291,621
2057	\$28,626	\$2,712,958	\$2,741,584	\$2,661	\$9,342	\$165	\$6,846	\$707,463	\$17,471	\$681,051	\$43,883	\$133	\$50,862	\$230,601	\$281,463	\$927,895	\$281,463
2058	\$20,371	\$2,813,888	\$2,834,259	\$1,892	\$6,671	\$118	\$4,897	\$707,463	\$17,471	\$698,077	\$26,857	\$130	\$31,884	\$239,180	\$271,064	\$958,914	\$271,064
2059	\$15,563	\$2,916,359	\$2,931,922	\$1,446	\$5,097	\$90	\$3,741	\$707,463	\$17,471	\$715,529	\$9,405	\$126	\$13,272	\$247,891	\$261,163	\$991,277	\$261,163
2060	\$9,756	\$3,033,851	\$3,043,607	\$906	\$3,029	\$52	\$2,175	\$707,464	\$17,471	\$733,417	-	\$129	\$2,304	\$257,877	\$260,181	\$1,028,548	\$260,181
2061	\$7,552	\$3,139,540	\$3,147,092	\$701	\$2,344	\$41	\$1,684	\$704,424	\$17,396	\$751,752	-	\$118	\$1,802	\$266,861	\$268,663	\$1,062,727	\$268,663
2062	\$5,812	\$3,241,401	\$3,247,213	\$540	\$1,804	\$31	\$1,295	\$688,714	\$17,008	\$770,546	-	\$121	\$1,416	\$275,519	\$276,935	\$1,095,490	\$276,935
2063	\$4,484	\$3,341,304	\$3,345,788	\$417	\$1,392	\$24	\$999	\$622,290	\$15,367	\$789,810	-	\$124	\$1,123	\$284,011	\$285,134	\$1,127,925	\$285,134
	•				•			•	•	•				•			

⁵ After the first occurrence of the *Total Contrib. if Switch* being smaller than the *Alt. Employer Contrib.*, this column shows the *Total Contrib. if Switch* in all subsequent years. *City of Bluefield Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund*



Section X. Participant Information

Participant Summary

The following table summarizes the counts, ages, and benefit information for plan participants used in the prior and current valuations.

		July 1, 2021		July 1, 2022
1. Actives	_		<u>-</u>	
a. Number		12		13
b. Average Age		32.9		32.6
c. Average Service		6.1		6.3
d. Average Salary	\$	46,616	\$	53,227
2. Retirees				
a. Number		25		23
b. Average Age		65.9		65.6
c. Total Annual Benefits	\$	728,710	\$	700,429
3. Survivors				
a. Number		8		9
b. Average Age		76.3		76.3
c. Total Annual Benefits	\$	108,594	\$	128,110
4. Disableds				
a. Number		7		7
b. Average Age		55.3		56.3
c. Total Annual Benefits	\$	128,353	\$	133,031
Deferred Vesteds				
a. Number		0		0
b. Average Age		N/A		N/A
c. Total Annual Benefits	\$	N/A	\$	N/A
6. Members Owed Refunds				
a. Number		0		0
b. Average Age		N/A		N/A
c. Total Refunds Owed	\$	N/A	\$	N/A



Active Age/Service Distribution Including Compensation

Shown below is the age and service distribution of active participants in the City of Bluefield Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund. The compensation shown is the average projected pay for the plan year beginning July 1, 2022.

Credited Service as of July 1, 2022

	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30 & Up	Total
Under 25	3 45,256		- -	-	-		-	3 45,256
25 - 29	, -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
30 - 34	2	2	-	1	-	-	-	5
25 20	49,683 1	62,096 2	- 1	57,211 1	-	-	-	56,154 5
35 - 39	52,543	52,205	48,654	69,804	-	-	-	55,082
40 - 44	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
45 - 49	-	- -	- -	-	-	-	-	:
50 - 54	-	- -	-	-	-	-	-	-
55 - 59	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
60 - 64	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
65 & Up	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Totals	6	4	1	2	•	-		13
	47,946	57,150	48,654	63,508	-	-	-	53,227

Averages

Age	32.6
Service	6.3

Participant Reconciliation
Shown below is the reconciliation of participants between the prior and current valuation date.

	Actives	Retirees	Survivors	Disableds	Deferred Vesteds	Due Refund	Total
Participants as of 7/1/2021	12	25	8	7	-	=	52
New	3	-	-	-	-	-	3
Rehired	-	-	-	-	-	=	-
Terminated - Vested	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Terminated - Nonvested	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disabled	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Retired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Paid Refund	(2)	-	-	-	-	-	(2)
Payments Expired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Deceased - No Survivor	-	(1)	-	-	-	-	(1)
Deceased - With Survivor	-	(1)	-	-	-	-	(1)
New Beneficiary	-	-	1	-	-	-	1
New QDRO	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Corrections	-	-	-	-	-	=	-
Participants as of 7/1/2022	13	23	9	7	-	-	52



Section XI. Summary of Plan Provisions

Plan Year

July 1 – June 30.

Eligibility to Participate

All compensated employees of the relevant Fire or Police Department are eligible to participate in the Firemen's or Policemen's Pension and Relief Fund (Plan). If the fund uses the Optional, Optional II, or Conservation funding policies, only members hired prior to the date of the change to either one of these policies are eligible to participate in the Plan.

Average Annual Compensation

The average of the three twelve-consecutive-month periods of employment in which the member received the highest salary or compensation. While the months in each twelve-month period need to be consecutive, the three "twelve-consecutive-month periods" do not need to be consecutive.

Each twelve-consecutive-month annual compensation is limited to 120% of the *Average Adjusted Salary*, which is the average of the Adjusted Salary for the two consecutive twelve-consecutive-month periods immediately preceding the twelve-consecutive-month period used in determining benefits.

The *Adjusted Salary* for any preceding year is the respective preceding year total salary multiplied by the ratio of base salary of the year used in determining benefits to the base salary from the respective preceding year. A preceding year is either the "year one" which is the second twelve consecutive month period preceding the twelve-consecutive-month period used to determine benefits or "year two" which is the twelve-consecutive-month period immediate preceding the twelve-consecutive-month period used to determine benefits.

Employee Contributions

Participating employees hired before January 1, 2010: 7.00% of compensation. Participating employees hired on or after January 1, 2010: 9.50% of compensation.

Employer Contributions

The municipality has elected to contribute the minimum employer contribution under the Alternative funding policy.

Credited Service

The number of years that the member has contributed to the employees' retirement and benefit fund.

Absence from service because of sickness or injury for a period of two years or less shall not be construed as time out of service.

Military Service — Any current member who has been on qualified military service in the armed forces of the United States with an honorable discharge may, within six months from his or her date of discharge, be given credit for continuous service in the paid police or fire department.



A member may receive retirement eligibility service (i.e. eligibility towards the 20 years of service for normal retirement) for qualified military service only if the military service was prior to November 18, 2009 or the member repays, without interest, member assessments that were missed during the period of military service.

Any member who has served in active duty with the armed forces of the United States, whether prior to or subsequent to becoming a member of a paid police or fire department, shall receive an additional 1% of Average Annual Compensation for each full continuous year so served in active military duty, up to a maximum of an additional 4%.

Normal Retirement Eligibility

Members are eligible at the earlier of age 50 with 20 years of credited service or age 65.

Normal Retirement Benefit

The annual retirement benefit equals the sum of:

- 60% of average annual compensation, for service up to 20 years; not less than \$6,000
- 2% for each year of service between 20 and 25 years
- 1% for each year of service between 25 and 30 years
- Employees serving in the military are eligible for an additional 1% of average annual compensation for each year of military service up to four years.

The maximum benefit is limited to 75% of average annual compensation.

Termination Benefits

Any member who terminates employment prior to retirement and has at least 20 years of credited service will be entitled to a pension benefit equal to the normal retirement benefit commencing at age 50.

Refunds: Any member who terminates from their department with fewer than 20 years of credited service and prior to age 65 shall be refunded all deductions made from his salary, without interest. Any member who receives such a refund and subsequently wishes to reenter (available only if the municipal plan is still open as of such date) the department must repay to the pension fund all sums refunded with interest at the rate of 8% per annum.

Disability Retirement Eligibility

Members are eligible after earning five years of service. There is no years of service requirement if disability is service related. Disability is defined in WV Code §8-22-23a as the inability to perform adequately the job duties required of the member, as described in the National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) Standard 1582's Chapter 9 Essential Job Tasks - Specific Evaluations of Medical Conditions in Members.

Disability Retirement Benefit

The monthly disability benefit equals the sum of:

- 60% of monthly salary at disability, but not less than \$500, plus
- Employees serving in the military are eligible for an additional benefit of 1% of monthly salary at disability for each year of military service up to four years.



Disability benefits, when aggregated with monthly state workers compensation benefits, shall not exceed 100% of the member's monthly compensation at the time of disability. For permanent disabilities, the benefit is paid for life, while for temporary disabilities, the benefit is paid during the disability period not to exceed four 26-week periods.

Ordinary (non line-of-duty) disability pensions are offset by \$1 per every \$3 of other income. There is no offset if total other income is \$18,200 (as of 2022, indexed by state minimum wage for years after 2022) or less.

Death Benefit Eligibilty

Members are eligible after earning five years of service. There is no years of service requirement if death is service related. Retirees and terminated vested participants are also eligible.

Death Benefit

For surviving spouses, this benefit is equal to 60% of the participant's benefit at the participant's date of retirement and is indexed for cost-of-living adjustments through the commencement date of this death benefit (and annually each July thereafter) using the methodology outlined in the *Supplemental Benefit (Cost of Living Adjustment – COLA)* subsection below. This benefit may not be less than \$300 per month and is payable to the spouse until death or remarriage.

Other dependents (children, parents, brothers and sisters) are also eligible for death benefits. Similar to the death benefit payable to a surviving spouse, these death benefits are derived at the participant's date of retirement and indexed for COLAs. To each dependent:

- Child: 20% of the participant's benefit until the child attains age 18 or marries; for a disabled child, payments continue beyond age 18 if the child remains disabled.
- Orphaned child: 25% of the participant's benefit until the child attains age 18 or marries; for a disabled orphaned child, payments continue beyond age 18 if the child remains disabled.
- Parent: 10% of the participant's benefit for life.
- Sibling: the sum of fifty dollars per month (but a total not to exceed \$100 per month) until such individual attains the age of age 18 or marries.

The total amount, derived as the participant's date of retirement, of all benefits payable to survivors cannot exceed the amount of the participant's benefit at the participant's date of retirement. Due to the COLA methodology, the sum of the benefits payable to survivors as of any time after the participant's date of retirement *may*, in some circumstances, exceed the participant's benefit amount. In no case shall the payments to the surviving spouse and children be reduced below 65 percent of the total amount paid to all dependents.

If the member is not yet in receipt of pension benefits at the date of death, then the member's benefit for purposes of deriving the death benefit to the surviving spouse and dependents is calculated using the maximum of the member's actual service at the date of death and 20 years.

Normal Form

Life annuity with a 60% spouse's survivor benefit. The benefit payable to the spouse as of the member's date of death is determined by taking 60% of the member's benefit at the member's



retirement date and indexing that amount to the date of death using the COLA methodology described in the *Supplemental Benefit (Cost of Living Adjustment – COLA* section below. No other optional forms are allowed under the Plan.

Supplemental Benefit (Cost of Living Adjustment – COLA)

If a plan meets the criteria outlined in the *Supplemental Benefit Eligibility* subsection within *Section I. Executive Summary*, then all retirees, surviving beneficiaries, and disability pensioners shall be granted automatic cost-of-living benefits commencing on the first day of July following two years of retirement. The benefits equal the percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index, limited to 4% (2% for some disability retirees), multiplied by the sum of the allowable amount, which is the first \$15,000 of the total annual benefits paid and the accumulated supplemental pension amounts for prior years. The consumer price index currently used to determine the supplemental benefit is the CPI-U US City Average all items with a base of 1982-1984 equal to 100. The increase is measured as the increase in the annual average from the second prior calendar year to the annual average from the prior calendar year.

Changes in Plan Provisions Since Prior Valuation None.



Section XII. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Actuarial Cost Method

The actuarial valuation uses the Entry Age Normal cost method calculated on an individual basis with level percentage of pay normal cost.

West Virginia Funding Policies

Under West Virginia Code §8-22-20(c)(1), there are five funding policies available for plan sponsors. Those funding policies are summarized below:

• Standard Funding Policy: Employer contributions are equal to the sum of (1) the net employer normal cost and (2) an amortization of the unfunded actuarial liability, less the State premium tax allocation applicable to the plan year, not less than \$0. Prior to the July 1, 2020 actuarial valuation, the unfunded actuarial accrued liability was amortized over a single, closed period of 40-years from July 1, 1991, using level dollar amortization (8.0 years remaining for contributions developed for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024). Beginning with the July 1, 2020 valuation, the unfunded actuarial accrued liability as of July 1, 2019 continues to be amortized over that same closed, decreasing period but new bases will be amortized using a layered approach with the following initial amortization periods when each base is created:

Experience gains and losses: 15 years
 Assumption changes: 15 years
 Plan changes: 5 years

West Virginia Code §8-22-20(c)(3) requires that plans contribute at least the normal cost until the plan is at least 125% funded. Upon reaching 125% funded, the actuary may provide an actuarial recommendation that the normal cost does not need to be paid by the employer for that fiscal year and the municipality may then elect to not make a contribution for that fiscal year. Other than this requirement, the Code does not detail any other policies or methodologies for a plan in a surplus position.

To orderly track the surplus position, which will become particularly relevant once a plan breaches 125% funded for the first time, and to develop an actuarially determined contribution (ADC) for GASB purposes, actuarial surpluses (the amount by which assets exceed actuarial accrued liabilities) will be amortized over 30 years using a single open amortization base and all existing prior bases will be eliminated. Provided, however, for funding purposes the credit installments from the surplus base will be inapplicable at least until the plan reaches 125% funded. Finally, if an overfunded plan subsequently becomes less than 100% funded, the surplus base will be eliminated, the unfunded actuarial accrued liability will be amortized over 15 years, and any subsequent gains and losses, assumption changes, or plan changes will be amortized according to the schedule outlined above for plans with an actuarial deficiency.

The Standard funding policy is consistent with generally accepted actuarial standards of practice.



• Alternative Funding Policy: Employer contributions equal 107% of the prior year's employer contribution. The state premium tax allocation is contributed in addition to the employer contributions.

The Alternative funding policy is <u>not consistent</u> with generally accepted actuarial standards of practice because the policy does not reflect emerging experience gains and losses and may not produce an actuarially sound pattern of contributions or funded ratio.

Optional Funding Policy: Allows plan sponsors using either the Standard funding policy or Alternative funding policy to close the current local Plan to new hires and switch to this funding policy, under which they would contribute to the Plan on an actuarially determined basis. Effective July 1, 2023, plan sponsors using the Conservation funding policy may switch to the Optional funding policy and the plan would remain closed to new hires. The actuarially determined employer contribution is equal to the net employer normal cost, plus a level dollar amortization of the unfunded actuarial liability, less the state premium tax allocation applicable to the plan year, not less than \$0. The closed amortization period for contributions developed for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024 is 8.0 years for sponsors who previously used the Standard funding policy and 26.5 years for sponsors who previously used the Alternative or Conservation funding policies. Beginning with the July 1, 2020 valuation, the unfunded actuarial accrued liability as of July 1, 2019 continues to be amortized over those same closed, decreasing periods but new bases will be amortized using a layered approach using the same amortization periods as those used in the Standard Funding Policy listed above. Similarly, surplus amortization will follow the methodology outlined in the Standard Funding Policy.

For plans that switch from the Alternative or Conservation funding policy on or after the July 1, 2020 valuation, the initial unfunded actuarial accrued liability prior to any assumption changes or plan changes that became effective during the year ending on the valuation date will be amortized over the maximum of 15 years and the remaining period described above (26.5 years).

Members hired after the adoption date of the Optional funding policy are covered in the statewide pension plan – The Municipal Police Officers and Firefighters Retirement System (MPFRS).

The Optional funding policy is consistent with generally accepted actuarial standards of practice.

• Optional II Funding Policy: Allows plan sponsors using the Alternative funding policy or Conservation funding policy to switch to this funding policy, under which they would contribute to the Plan on an actuarially determined basis. If switching from the Alternative funding policy, the current local Plan would close to new hires. The actuarially determined employer contribution is equal to the net employer normal cost, plus a level dollar amortization of the unfunded actuarial liability, less the state premium tax allocation applicable to the plan year, not less than \$0. The initial unfunded closed amortization period for contributions developed for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024 is 40 years.

Upon switching to the Optional II funding policy, the initial unfunded actuarial accrued liability prior to any assumption changes or plan changes that became effective during the year ending on the valuation date will be amortized over the maximum of 15 years



and the remaining period described in the previous paragraph (40 years). New unfunded liability bases created after the switch will be amortized using a layered approach using the same amortization periods as those used in the Standard Funding Policy listed above. Similarly, surplus amortization will follow the methodology outlined in the Standard Funding Policy.

Members hired after the adoption date of the Optional II funding policy are covered in the statewide pension plan – MPFRS.

The Optional II funding policy is consistent with generally accepted actuarial standards of practice.

• Conservation Funding Policy: Formerly allowed plan sponsors using the Alternative funding policy to close the current local Plan to new hires and contribute to the plan on a pay-as-you-go basis. Effective July 1, 2023, plan sponsors are prohibited from switching to the Conservation funding policy. Sponsors using the Conservation funding policy are required to assign a portion of the state premium tax allocation and member contributions to an accumulation account that is projected to grow to 100% of the remaining actuarial liabilities at the end of a 35-year projection period.

Members hired after the adoption date of the Conservation funding policy are covered in the statewide pension plan – MPFRS.

This Conservation funding policy is <u>not consistent</u> with generally accepted actuarial principles.

This Plan is valued using the Alternative funding policy.

Amortization Method for GASB

	Amortization Policies
Standard, Optional, and Optional II Funding Policies	Same as for funding purposes (described above)
Alternative and Conservation Funding Policies	The methodology used for plans that switch to the Optional funding policy on or after July 1, 2020 for funding purposes (described above)

Basis for Selection of Actuarial Methods

While the funding policies and funding amortization methodology are defined in the West Virginia Code, the following actuarial methods used in the valuation were set by the MPOB on the basis of Bolton's 2020 *Actuarial Methods Recommendation Report*. These actuarial methods are, in the opinion of the signing actuaries, reasonable for the intended purposes.

Asset Method

Actuarial Value of Assets using four-year smoothing. Returns on the market value of assets above or below the assumed rate of return are gradually recognized using straight-line amortization over a four-year period.



Roll-Forward Method

For the actuarially-based funding policies (Standard, Optional, and Optional II), valuation results are rolled forward one year to align the contribution calculation with the contribution year:

- To develop the projected unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL), the UAAL on the
 valuation date is increased by the employer normal cost (which is net of employee
 contributions) and expected expenses, both with interest, and decreased by the
 expected employer contribution, including the premium tax allocation, for the fiscal year
 beginning on the valuation date, with interest.
- The projected normal cost for the contribution year is derived using a valuation software projection (open-group projection for plans open to new entrants and closed-group projection for plans closed to new entrants).



Projection Methods

The projections of future assets, liabilities, funded status and contributions are based on the following assumptions:

- Compensation will increase and members will leave the active workforce according to the actuarial valuation assumptions.
- For the open group projections, each active member leaving the workforce will be replaced with a new entrant so that the total number of active members remains the same throughout the projection period. The assumption made regarding the demographic makeup of new entrants is described in the *Open Group Projection New Hire Profile* section below.
- For closed group projections, new hires that replace active members who retire, terminate, die or become disabled are not assumed to enter the Plan.
- The sponsor contributes the amount determined by the applicable funding policy each year.
- For plans that are less than 100% funded as of the valuation date, the contribution during the projection period is capped at the amount needed to achieve and maintain a funded status of 100%.
- Assets grow at the assumed rate of return (discount rate).
- Non-vested members receive a refund of their accumulated employee contribution account balance during the year in which they terminate.
- New amortization bases are not created for contribution gains that may occur during the
 projection period as a result of the premium tax allocation exceeding the unfunded liability
 amortization payment.
- For projections that illustrate a change from the Alternative funding policy to either the Optional funding policy or Optional II funding policy, new hires that replace active members who, after the change in funding policy, retire, terminate, die or become disabled are assumed to enter the statewide pension plan The Municipal Police Officers and Firefighters Retirement System (MPFRS). For the MPFRS, employer contributions are currently equal to 8.5% of pay but can range from 8.5% 10.5% of pay. For these projections, MPFRS employer contributions are assumed to be 8.5% of pay throughout the projection period.

Open Group Projection New Hire Profile

The active population is projected to be stable throughout the open group projections meaning that active exits are replaced by new hires. The profile for new hires contains four separate records corresponding to a different age-at-hire band (under 24, 24-27, 28-31, 32 and above). Each record contains the average (for the associated age-at-hire band) date of birth, compensation, and percentage male of all actives who have two years of service or less within the 53 plans covered by the MPOB. The four records are created using compensation for the fiscal year ending on the valuation date. The beginning salary for new entrants hired after the current plan year is equal to the new entrant profile salary increased by the general wage inflation assumption of 3.50% for each year between the new entrant's assumed date of hire and the valuation date.



Premium Tax Allocation

The premium tax allocation is projected using the following methodology:

- (1) The Base Allocation is a fixed amount equal to \$8,709,689 in all future years. This amount is allocated to each individual Pension and Relief Fund in proportion to the number of eligible members, which includes active members covered in either the Pension and Relief Fund or the statewide plan, Municipal Police Officers and Firefighters Retirement System (MPFRS). We assume that the percentage of eligible members of the Pension and Relief Fund and MPFRS for a single municipal plan (e.g., Bluefield Fire) to the total eligible members for all municipalities remains constant throughout the projection period.
- (2) The Excess Allocation is equal to the excess of the current year premium tax assigned to all Pension and Relief Funds over the total Base Allocation. This amount is allocated to each individual Pension and Relief Fund in proportion to the number of eligible active and retired members covered in either the Pension and Relief Fund or the MPFRS.
- (3) We have assumed all Pension and Relief Funds will make the minimum statutory contribution requirement and will receive 100% of the total allocation assigned to the individual plan until they are 100% funded. Once a plan attains a funded ratio of at least 100%, the premium tax that would have been allocated to the plan had the funded ratio been lower than 100% is reallocated in subsequent years to all remaining plans that are less than 100% funded.
- (4) The total available premium tax allocation, net of expenses, as of September 1, 2023, includes a Base Allocation of \$8,709,689, an Excess Allocation of \$12,751,652, and an Expired Premium Tax Allocation of \$358,083.
- (5) For the plan year ending June 30, 2023, all Pension and Relief Funds reported a total of 1,736.67 eligible active members and 2,247.38 eligible retired members. The City of Bluefield Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund reported 13.50 eligible active members and 42.00 eligible retired members, based on the average number of plan participants for the 12-month period ending June 30, 2023. The Fund is eligible to receive a premium tax allocation of \$250,409.09 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024.
- (6) The total premium tax allocation is assumed to increase by 2.50% in calendar years ending on and after 2024.

Basis for Selection of Actuarial Assumptions

Unless otherwise noted, the actuarial assumptions used in the valuation were set by the MPOB on the basis of Bolton's 2020 *Experience Study Report*, which covered experience during the period from period July 1, 2014 through June 30, 2017. These assumptions are, in the opinion of the actuaries signing this report, reasonable for the intended purposes.



Discount Rate

The following table outlines the factors used to determine the discount rate:

<u></u>	Discount Rate Mat	rix for Plans Not I	nvesting with the IN	<u>//B</u>
Funded Ratio as of Valuation Date ⁶	Equity Exposure ⁷	Projected Funded Ratio after 15 Years ⁶	Discount Rate – Standard and Optional Policies	Discount Rate – Alternative and Conservation Policies
30% or more	60% or more	70% or more	6.50%	6.25%
30% or more	50% or more	70% or more	6.25%	6.00%
30% or more	40% or more	60% or more	6.00%	5.50%
15% or more	30% or more	50% or more	5.75%	5.00%
15% or more	20% or more	40% or more	5.50%	4.75%
Less than 15%	Less than 20%	15% or more	5.00%	4.25%
Less than 15%	Less than 20%	Less than 15%	5.00%	4.00%

Funded Ratio as of Valuation Date ⁶	Discount Rate I Equity Exposure ⁷	Matrix for Plans Inv Projected Funded Ratio after 15 Years ⁶	esting with the IMB Discount Rate – Standard and Optional Policies ⁸	Discount Rate – Alternative and Conservation Policies
30% or more	N/A	70% or more	7.00%	6.50%
30% or more	N/A	70% or more	7.00%	6.00%
15% or more	N/A	50% or more	7.00%	5.50%
15% or more	N/A	40% or more	7.00%	5.25%
Less than 15%	N/A	15% or more	7.00%	4.75%
Less than 15%	N/A	Less than 15%	7.00%	4.50%

As of June 30, 2022	
Plan Investing with the IMB	No
Actuarially-Based Funding Policy	No
Actuarial Value of Assets	\$4,804,660
Liabilities Using a 5.0% Discount Rate	\$17,194,480
Funded Ratio	27.94%
Equity Exposure	65%
Projected Funded Ratio after 15 Years	70%
Discount Rate	5.00%

City of Bluefield Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund

⁶ Funded ratios based on a 6.0% investment return assumption for plans using an actuarially sound funding policy (Standard, Optional, or Optional II) and a 5.0% investment return assumption for other plans (Alternative or Conservation).

Based on target allocation percentage outlined in the investment policy.
 Assumes the IMB maintains a current growth asset target above 70%. If this policy changes, the assumption should be reviewed.



Inflation

2.50%, compounded annually.

Cost of Living Increase in Benefits

2.50% on first \$15,000 of annual benefit and on the accumulated supplemental pension amounts for prior years. Assumed to be payable to all members receiving payments.

Salary Increases

The following assumed rates are used:

Years of Service	Increase
0	20.00%
1	9.00%
2	6.50%
3	6.00%
4-28	5.00%
29-33	4.00%
34+	3.50%

Pay Spiking

A load of 6% is applied to active retirement and active termination pension benefits to account for unused accrued leave time (vacation and sick) that is included in pensionable earnings used to compute the average annual compensation.

Mortality

Pre Decrement

SOA PubS-2010(B) Employee⁹ Mortality Table¹⁰ with the 2010 base rates projected generationally from 2010 using the SOA Mortality Improvement **Scale MP-2019**.

Post Decrement

For Terminated Vested Employees, Healthy Retirees, and Beneficiaries:

SOA PubS-2010(B) Healthy Retiree Mortality Table with the 2010 base rates projected generationally from 2010 using the SOA Mortality Improvement **Scale MP-2019**.

For Disabled Retirees:

SOA PubS-2010 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table with the 2010 base rates **set forward five years** and projected generationally from 2010 using the SOA Mortality Improvement **Scale MP-2019**.

Mortality improvement projections to the valuation date represent current mortality and mortality improvement projections beyond the valuation date represent future mortality improvement.

⁹ Table name abbreviations from *Society of Actuaries Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Tables Report* published in January 2019. For example, *PubS-2010(B) Employee* translates to the Amount-Weighted Public Safety 2010 Below Median Employee Mortality Table.

¹⁰ Assumes 10% of deaths are duty-related and 90% are non-duty related.



Retirement Rates

Members need a minimum of 20 years of service in order to be eligible for normal retirement. The retirement rates below are for years of service greater than or equal to 20 years of service:

Age	Fire	Police
50	55%	60%
51-52	35%	40%
53-54	25%	40%
55-56	25%	50%
57-59	25%	40%
60	100%	100%

Terminated-vested members (members who terminate employment after attaining 20 years of service but prior to commencing pension benefits) are assumed to retire at age 50.

Termination of Employment

Sample termination rates are as follows:

Age	Fire	Police
20	15%	25%
25	7%	10%
30	5%	8%
35	2%	6%
40	2%	3.5%
45	1%	2%
50	0%	0%

Non-Vested Terminations

The employee contribution account balance is assumed to be paid on the valuation date for current non-vested terminated members and on the termination date for future non-vested terminations.

Disability Rates

Sample disability rates are as follows:

Age	Rates ¹¹
30	0.33%
40	0.76%
50	1.18%

¹¹ Assumes that 50% of disabilities are duty related and 50% are non-duty related. Also assumes that 5% of non-duty disabled members receive a 20% reduction in benefits through age 65 due to gainful employment.



Marital Status

70% assumed to be married with wives 3 years younger than husbands. Widows and widowers are not expected to re-marry in the future.

Form of Payment

Benefits are assumed to be paid as a life annuity with a 60% spousal death benefit taking into account the re-indexing of the spouse's supplemental benefit as provided in WV Code §8-22-26a.

Non-Spouse Beneficiaries

Pre-retirement death benefits are loaded by 6% and post-retirement death benefits are loaded by 1% to estimate the impact of benefits provided to non-spouse beneficiaries (children, parents, siblings).

Administrative Expenses

Total administrative expenses for the fiscal year are equal to the average of the administrative expenses for the prior two fiscal years, increased by 2.50% annually for inflation.

Future expenses are assumed to increase by the general inflation assumption and are adjusted for headcount.

Changes in Methods/Assumptions Since Prior Valuation

There were no changes in methods or assumptions reflected in this valuation.



Section XIII. Glossary

Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)

The difference between the Present Value of Future Benefits and the Present Value of Future Normal Costs or the portion of the present value of future benefits allocated to service before the valuation date in accordance with the actuarial cost method. Represents the present value of benefits expected to be paid from the plan in the future allocated to service prior to the date of the measurement.

Actuarial Assumptions

Estimates of future plan experience such as investment return, expected lifetimes and the likelihood of receiving a pension from the pension plan. Demographic, or "people" assumptions include rates of mortality, retirement and separation. Economic, or "money" assumptions, include expected investment return, inflation and salary increases.

Actuarial Cost Method

A procedure for allocating the Present Value of Future Benefits into the Present Value of Future Normal Costs and the Actuarial Accrued Liability. Also known as the "funding method".

Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA)

The value of the assets as of a given date, used by the actuary for valuation purposes. The AVA may be the market or fair value of plan assets or a smoothed value in order to reduce the year-to-year volatility of calculated results, such as the funded ratio and the actuarially determined contribution (ADC).

Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC)

The employer's periodic determined contribution to a pension plan, calculated in accordance with the assumptions and methods used by the plan actuary.

Amortization Method

A procedure for payment of the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) by means of periodic contributions of interest and principal. The components of the amortization payment for the UAAL includes the amortization period length, amortization payment increase (level dollar or level percentage of pay), and amortization type (closed or open).

Experience Gain/Loss

A measure of the difference between actuarial experience and experience anticipated by a set of actuarial assumptions during the period between two actuarial valuation dates, in accordance with the actuarial cost method being used.

Funded Ratio

The actuarial value of assets expressed as a percentage of the plan's actuarial accrued liability.

Market Value of Assets (MVA)

The value of the assets as of a given date held in the trust available to pay for benefits of the pension plan.



Normal Cost

That portion of the Present Value of Future Benefits and expenses which is allocated to a valuation year by the Actuarial Cost Method.

Present Value of Future Benefits (PVFB)

The present value of amounts which are expected to be paid at various future times to active members, retired members, beneficiaries receiving benefits, and inactive, non-retired members entitled to either a refund or a future retirement benefit. Expressed another way, it is the value that would have to be invested on the valuation date so that the amount invested plus investment earnings would provide sufficient assets to pay all projected benefits and expenses when due.

Present Value of Future Normal Cost (PVFNC)

The portion of the Present Value of Future Benefits (PVFB) allocated to future service.

Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities (UAAL)

The difference between the Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) and the Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA).